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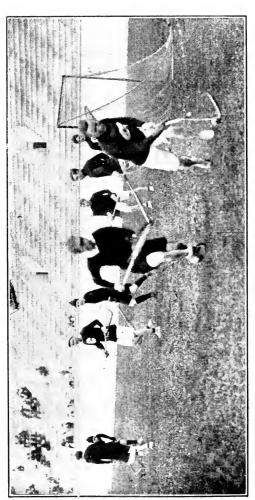
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CONSTITUTION, BY-LAWS AND PLAYING RULES

OF THE

UNITED STATES INTER-COLLEGIATE LACROSSE LEAGUE

1914

COMPILED BY KENNETH B. DAY

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History of Inter-Collegiate Lacrosse

The history of the organization which at present directs and controls intercollegiate lacrosse in the United States should properly form but a short paragraph to a record of the game extending through more than the last quarter of a century. As an incentive to the collection of any historical data which might be of interest to the followers of the game, particularly among the colleges, the following brief summary is given:

In 1877, due probably to the influence of the Boston Lacrosse Club, lacrosse was started at Harvard by the formation of a team among members of the class of 1880. Interest in the game developed gradually, until, in 1880, Harvard was represented by a regular 'varsity team.

New York University, Columbia, and Princeton organized teams shortly after Harvard, and in 1881 these teams met in a championship series, which was won by Harvard. This series led to the formation of a league in 1882, known as the Intercollegiate Lacrosse Association, the charter members being the four colleges above mentioned.

In 1883, the Association was increased by the admission of Yale, whose team won the year's championship. In the following year Princeton finished at the head of the list.

Yale withdrew in 1885, and has never since placed a team upon the field.

After a few years, interest in the game seemed to slacken, leaving but one team in the Association, Princeton. In 1888 Johns Hopkins and Stevens were admitted to membership; in 1889 the application of Lehigh University was accepted. In 1891 Princeton withdrew, leaving Stevens, Johns Hopkins, and Lehigh as members of the Intercollegiate Lacrosse Association. This combination continued until 1902, when Swarthmore College made its appearance as a member for the first time. There were no fur-

ther changes made in the membership of the Association up to the time of the consolidation with the Inter-university League.

About 1894, interest in lacrosse was revived, resulting in the formation of another league, called the United States Interuniversity Lacrosse League.

Cornell had taken up the sport in 1892, interest developing slowly through games with such colleges and universities as Toronto, Stevens, Lehigh, Columbia, and the Crescent A.C.

In 1898 the United States Inter-university Lacrosse League was formed, particularly active in its formation being Messrs. H. A. L. Sand of Harvard and R. H. E. Starr, who had just come from Harvard and was attending the Columbia Law School. The league was made up of Harvard, Columbia and Cornell as the charter members, Pennsylvania being admitted in 1899.

Mr. C. C. Miller was president of the United States Interuniversity Lacrosse League for four consecutive years, and his activity in connection with the game was a potent factor in maintaining the high standard of the game among the universities.

To further strengthen the game, Mr. Miller was the originator of the movement to effect a combination of the two leagues then in existence, namely, the United States Inter-university Lacrosse League and the Intercollegiate Lacrosse Association. The object of the combination was to standardize the rules, and through a single board of control do everything possible toward the strengthening of the game among the colleges.

In the spring of 1905, sufficient interest in the movement had been aroused to warrant the calling of a convention for the purpose of completing this organization. The convention met, elected officers and drew up a constitution

On December 22, 1905, representatives from all the colleges in the two leagues met in convention in New York, and after declaring the action of the convention of the previous spring irregular, by reason of the fact that a number were not represented at that time, formally organized the United States Intercollegiate Lacrosse League. The colleges entering into this combination were Columbia, Cornell, Harvard, Johns Hopkins, Lehigh, Pennsylvania, Stevens, and Swarthmore.

The first officers of the organization were as follows: President, H. A. L. Sands, Harvard, '95; vice-president, W. S. Finlay, Jr., Cornell, '04; secretary and treasurer, H. A. Pratt, Stevens, '04.

Mr. C. C. Miller and Dr. W. H. Maddren were the first members-at-large of the executive committee.

Hobart was admitted to the league in January, 1907; Pennsylvania withdrawing in December of the same year.

Following is a list of the officers since 1906:

- 1907—Dr. W. H. Maddren (Hopkins), president; E. W. Miller (Lehigh), vice-president; D. H. Weeks (Hobart), secretarytreasurer.
- 1908—W. S. Finlay, Jr. (Columbia), president; Edson Harris (Swarthmore), vice-president; C. E. Marsters (Harvard), secretary-treasurer.
- 1909—J. B. Carlock (Lehigh), president; D. H. Weeks (Hobart), vice-president; C. A. Sturken (Stevens), secretary-treasurer.
- 1910—C. E. Marsters (Harvard), president; J. P. Broomell (Swarth-more), vice-president; T. K. Scott (Columbia), secretary-treasurer.
- 1911--W. C. Schmeisser (Hopkins), president; W. S. Finlay (Cornell), vice-president; H. H. Davis (Stevens), secretary-treasurer.
- 1912—H. H. Davis (Stevens), president; C. E. Marsters (Harvard), vice-president; J. P. Broomell (Swarthmore), secretary-treasurer.
- 1913—J. P. Broomell (Swarthmore), president; H. R. Walters (Lehigh), vice-president; R. O. Walbridge (Cornell), secretarytreasurer.
- 1914—J. P. Broomell (Swarthmore), president; Walter S. Finlay, Jr. (Cornell), vice-president; Kenneth B. Day (Harvard), secretary-treasurer.

Southern Division Inter-Collegiate Lacrosse League

By G. PITTS RALEIGH.

Coach Johns Hopkins University, 1911, 1912; Graduate Adviser Johns Hopkins University.

The lacrosse season of 1913 in the Southern Division was a marked success in every way, due not only to the high calibre of the competing teams and the closeness of the race for the championship, but also to the growing interest in the game, as evidenced by the successful efforts in several representative institutions to place teams on the field.

The University of Pennsylvania, after a refreshing slumber of several seasons, was awakened by the enthusiastic and energetic Mr. Chapin, and under his careful tutelage, a team was developed at that institution, which gives promise of being a worthy competitor during the coming season. It is extremely gratifying that this university with such a wealth of material to draw from, has again entered the lists.

Pennsylvania State College will also be represented by a lacrosse team this season, and if the football team representing that institution is any criterion, I feel sure that a successful future awaits it upon the acrosse field. It has the best wishes and heartiest co-operation of all true lovers of the game.

Enthusiastic lacrosse followers at Gettysburg have, for some time, been trying to arouse interest in the game and at last their efforts have been crowned with success, and Gettysburg will be represented by a team this year.

During the past year or two, several preparatory schools and small colleges have organized teams, and this fact, together with the ever increasing efficiency of those already organized, shows conclusively that lacrosse is rapidly gaining ground in this section.

To return to the fight for the championship in the Southern

Division, it may be said that the season was not devoid of surprises.

Johns Hopkins, which had finished third in 1912, came back strong, and under its system of alumni coaching, a well balanced team was developed, which, after the hardest kind of a fight, brought the championship back to Baltimore.

Lehigh has progressed wonderfully under the careful coaching of Jack Grymes, and last year presented a well trained fighting team, which finished second in the race, and gave promise of greater things in the future.

Swarthmore, handicapped at it was by the loss of many of the 1912 championship team, put up a game fight, and much credit is due Mr. Whitehead, its coach, for the fine article of lacrosse displayed by this team.

Stevens Institute, which, for a decade or two, had been a member of the Southern Division, was last year transferred to the Northern, and presented a team well drilled in the finer points of the game, but seemed to lack the necessary scoring punch. Owing to the lack of material, Mr. Collins was unable to secure an aggregation sufficiently well balanced to capture the championship against teams of the calibre of Harvard and Cornell. In passing, it may be mentioned that, although the league games last season were noticeably free from unnecessary roughness, in my opinion Stevens Institute deserves the laurel wreath in this respect. I have never seen a cleaner game than that played by this team.

This brief review is not complete without mentioning the sterling work of those teams in this section not members of the league.

The United States Naval Academy has been turning out teams which have steadily improved from year to year, until now they are able to cope with any aggregation in the country. The surprisingly large number of candidates, always between sixty and one hundred, the consequent keen competition for places on the twelve, and last, but not least, the careful drilling obtained at the hands of Mr. Finlayson, their Canadian coach, all combine to make the Navy team one of the strongest in the United States.

The Carlisle Indians, with Mr. O'Neill at the coaching helm, have improved wonderfully from a crude beginning a few years ago, and are putting up a finished article of lacrosse, often defeating the strong league teams by decisive scores.

A healthy rivalry exists between the teams representing the Northern Division and those embraced in the Southern Section.

Each of the Northern League teams, with the exception of Hobart, makes a Southern trip, and the closely fought games show how nearly equal in playing strength are the teams of the two divisions,

Taking everything into consideration, the season of 1913 was a gigantic success, and is an added link in the chain of encouragement, which binds all lacrosse adherents together in the fond hope that the game will increase in popularity until each and every college in this country is represented by a lacrosse team.

Northern Division Inter-Collegiate Lacrosse League

By Paul Gustafson. Captain, Harvard, 1912; Coach, Harvard, 1913.

Lacrosse has been growing in interest during the the past few years in the territory of the Northern Division of the Inter-Collegiate Lacrosse League, and 1913 was no exception. While no more colleges put teams on the field, it was lack of finances rather than absence of enthusiasm that was the greatest draw-back. Among the schoolboys the game is taking hold, and now many high schools in New York City are represented by lacrosse teams, while Andover Academy has developed a strong twelve which is playing games with college freshman and high school teams. The Boston Lacrosse Club, consisting of former college players, put a good team on the field in 1913, and in 1914 is expected to be even stronger. There is a good chance that the New York Athletic Club will be represented by a team the coming season.

The league was rearranged, Stevens Institute being transferred to the Northern Division, thus increasing it to four teams, the others being Cornell, Hobart and Harvard. The addition of Stevens complicated the early season predictions as to the probable winner of the championship. The Harvard team retained only four regulars from the previous year's championship team, but had good defence material; Hobart and Stevens were rather hard hit by graduation, and Cornell had an excellent attack remaining from 1012.

The preliminary games of the season showed that the teams were at least as good as the average, and about equally strong. Cornell defeated Lehigh and Swarthmore in her first two games of the season, but lost to Johns Hopkins in the third game played within three days, after a hard battle. Stevens and Hobart in the early games showed that they had to be reckoned

with. The former lost to Johns Hopkins a game played under very adverse conditions, and later gave Swarthmore a hard battle, the latter winning.

Harvard, though not boasting of a fast attack, developed a strong defence, and defeated a picked team of alumni before her Southern trip. On the trip Penn and the Maryland "Aggies" were defeated rather easily, though two or three of Harvard's best men were badly hurt, and were unable to play for some time. The Navy team, which Hopkins and Swarthmore had failed to defeat, lost to Harvard after a hard, clean game. The game against the Middies found the Crimson team playing the best lacrosse of the season, but a slump came in the final game of the trip against Johns Hopkins at Baltimore, which the Southerners won by a score of 6 to 3.

The preliminary training season once over, the teams practiced in earnest for the games to settle the championship. Cornell and Harvard defeated Stevens in the first league games, and a practice game, in which Cornell defeated Hobart, tended to show that the deciding contest would be between Cornell and Harvard, at Ithaca. Harvard, minus the services of her crack goal-keeper, Lincoln, lost a hard-fought game in the Stadium to the newly formed Boston Lacrosse Club team, and the next week journeyed to Geneva, defeating Hobart in a very interesting game.

Two days later, the championship of the Northern Division was decided in one of the most exciting and hard-fought, but at the same time cleanly played games ever seen between two league teams. Harvard had developed a sterling defence, and had a nearly perfect goal-keeper, together with an attack which, while not brilliant individually, played well together. Cornell, on the other hand, boasted of the best attack of any college team in the country, but the men had a tendency to sacrifice team-play in their individual efforts to score. Harvard gained three goals in rapid succession, and the surprised Ithacaus were taken off their feet momentarily. Nothing daunted, the Cornell attack, especially the speedy Robbins, a Canadian of several years' experience, rained shot after shot at the Harvard net,

and only the marvelous goal-tending of Lincoln, who made no less than thirty stops, saved the 1912 champions from defeat. The final score, 5 to 1, does not represent the closeness of the game, which was stubbornly contested from beginning to end, and brought out an exceptionally fine brand of lacrosse in both teams.

It is to be regretted that the championship of the entire league could not be settled in 1913, as it was in 1912. Johns Hopkins won the supremacy in the South, but it was impossible to arrange a post-season contest. To be sure, the Southern team had defeated the Northern Division teams earlier in the year, but inasmuch as the Northerners are handicapped by lateness of spring, and get very little actual playing before their Southern trips, these early season practice games can hardly be taken as criteria of the relative strength of the two divisions of the league. If the same teams should be victorious in their respective divisions this season, the Inter-Collegiate League championship will be definitely settled, as a game is to be played in the Harvard Stadium between Johns Hopkins and the home team on May 23.

The prospects for 1914 are very good indeed. Stevens and Hobart retain many of last year's team, while Cornell will be at least as strong as in 1913. Harvard, on the other hand, has lost most of the veteran defence men, but has last year's attack almost intact, and a good team should be developed by Art Warwick, the Canadian who coached the twelve in 1911 and 1912. The best schedule ever played by the Cambridge team, including two games with Johns Hopkins, has been arranged.

In selecting an All-Northern team, an attempt has been made to choose the men whose playing in the league games has shown them to be the most valuable to their teams. Harvard had the strongest defence, Cornell the most aggressive and dependable attack, while Stevens and Hobart had several players of more than average ability.

The line-up of the imaginary best team in the Northern Division of the Inter-Collegiate Lacrosse League in 1913 is as follows:

Position.	Player.	College.
Goal	Lincoln	Harvard
Point		Hobart
	MacKenzie	Harvard
	Mossman	Cornell
Second defence.	Simmons	Harvard
Third defence	Campbell	Stevens
Center		Harvard
Third attack		Stevens
Second attack	Robbins	Cornell
First attack	Dean	Cornell
Outside home		Hobart
Inside home	Kerr	C ornell

Twenty Years of Lacrosse in America

BY JOHN R. FLANNERY.

Lacrosse was played in this country as early as 1869 by some ex-Canadians, who had settled in New York and Brooklyn. Two teams were organized, the Manhattan and Knickerbocker, and games were played, but these were few and infrequent because of the difficulty of finding grounds for that purpose. The game languished in consequence of this circumstance and very little headway was made.

In 1870 the Shamrocks of Montreal and the Caughrawaga Indians made a short tour through New York State, playing two games at Saratoga, one at Troy, and the final game on the Capitoline grounds at Brooklyn. All these games were closely contested, as the teams were fairly matched in playing strength, and at Saratoga especially drew large and enthusiastic crowds, but the impression then made did not last because the few teams in existence in New York were unable to keep up the good work, and finally died out.

In 1877, lacrosse was again started in New York City by another lot of ex-Canadian players, who organized a team under the name of Ravenswood, taken from the locality where some of the men resided. The leaders in this movement worked hard and eventually got quite a few American boys interested in the game. Among them many of the students at New York University, to which institution must be given the credit of organizing the first college lacrosse team in the United States. During the winter of 1877-78 a series of athletic games was held at Gilmore's Garden (a place only remembered now by old New Yorkers), among which a lacrosse tournament was included. The entries for this tournament comprised the Ravenswoods, Elmiras, New York University and two Indian teams, Onondagas and Caughnawagas, the latter being returned the winners.

Early in 1878 the writer and Samuel Macdonald, former captain of the Montreal club, got the Union Athletic Club of

Boston interested in the game and from its members organized a team which made its debut on July 4 of that year on the Boston Common in a game with the Ravenswoods of New York The latter team as a whole had much more experience than the Union A.C. players, but the latter had been well trained, and what they lacked in skill they more than made up in physical condition, the result being a victory of three goals to none over the visitors. This game was played in the presence of an attendance of more than 10,000 persons. The enthusiasm over the new sport and the success of their representatives was such that lacrosse at once gained a high position in public favor, and led to its introduction into Harvard during that year.

Later, in 1878, the Westchester Polo Club of Newport, prominent among whose members were the late Herman Oelrichs, James Gordon Bennett, proprietor of the New York Herald, and the present August Belmont, got up a lacrosse tournament at Newport. The entries for these games were the Ravenswoods, the Union A.C of Boston, and the New York Lacrosse Club, a team organized that year from members of the New York A.C. The Ravenswoods this time turned the tables on the Unions, and also defeated the New Yorks, thus winning the beautiful cup presented by the Polo club.

The result of these games was the formation of teams in other locations, so that when the writer, who had come to New York early in 1879, took up the matter of organizing the old United States National Lacrosse Association, there were several clubs ready to help the project along. The Baltimore A.C. took up lacrosse this year and turned out a fine team, and the Ravenswoods disbanded, most of the latter's players joining the Brooklyn A.C.

During 1879 international matches were started, the Unions of Boston playing the Montreal team and the Brooklyns tackling the Shamrocks of the same city. Both games were played at Montreal and were won by the Canadians, although the American players put up a good fight in each contest.

In 1880 the Torontos were brought to New York by the late Erastus Wiman and played several games at Staten Island with our local teams, winning all of them. During the same year the Brooklyn A.C. gave up lacrosse and its best players joined the New York team, which strengthened the latter so much that they had no difficulty in defeating their old opponents, the Union A.C., at the annual Newport tournament.

In 1881 the Shamrocks of Montreal, champions of Canada, visited New York and on the old Polo Grounds played the New York team for the championship of America. The visitors won by a score of three goals to one after a beautiful contest. There was a very large attendance, and the spectators generously applauded every fine play made.

In the spring of the same year the following teams were organized: Princeton University, Columbia University, Staten Island Athletic Club, Louisville Lacrosse Club, and several others of minor note.

In 1882 the first Intercollegiate Lacrosse Association was formed, the members of which were Yale, Princeton, Harvard, Columbia and New York University. There was a dispute over the championship this year, and I do not recall how it was settled. In 1883 Yale won the championship, besides defeating the strong New York team in a match game.

In 1884 the Philadelphia L.C. and St. Louis L.C. were formed and Stevens Institute organized a team, but the event of the season was the sending of an American team to Great Britain. The trip was a very successful one, Uncle Sam's representatives winning fourteen out of fifteen games played. The following men comprised the team:

GoalF. S. Wheeler, New York L.C.
Point
Cover point
First defence E. P. Cottle, Yale University L.A.
Second defence
Third defenceJ. C. Gerndt, New York University L.C.
CenterJ. K. Simson, Union A.C.
Third attack
Second attackJ. A. Stuart, Calumet L.C., Chicago.
First attackS. Johnson Poe, Princeton University L.A.
Outside home
Inside homeS. M. Johnson, Union A.C.

In 1884 the New England Lacrosse Association was also formed, and in 1885 the Metropolitan Lacrosse Association followed suit. The latter comprised teams from the New York L.C., Williamsburgh A.C., Stevens Institute and New York University.

In 1881 the late Herman Oelrichs presented a beautiful cup to the National Lacrosse Association to be competed for in an annual tournament. These tournaments were held for several years and were generally successful from a playing standpoint.

In 1886 Cornell University took up lacrosse, and in 1887 Rutgers and College of City of New York organized teams. I think Lehigh also first played the game this year. Several clubs were organized in and around Boston.

In 1888 Williams College, New Jersey A.C. and the Y. M. C. A. of Philadelphia organized teams the latter having for a few seasons a league of its own, composed of teams from its various branches in that city. In the same year the players who had represented the Williamsburgh A.C. reorganized as a separate team under the name of the Brooklyn L.C., and with the Staten Island A.C. (which had succeeded the New York L.C.) played many games for local honors.

During this year the writer made an attempt to organize a league among the athletic clubs in and around New York. A series of meetings were held by delegates from New York A.C., Manhattan A.C., American A.C., Olympic A.C., New Jersey A.C., Crescent A.C. and Flushing A.C. A constitution and by-laws were adopted and officers elected, but the association died a natural death when it was found that the players needed to make up the teams were not to be had. In 1889 and 1890 nothing of any importance occurred that I can recollect, excepting that the National Lacrosse Association was divided in two sections, the Eastern branch taking in the Druids of Baltimore, Staten Island A.C., Brooklyn L.C., and the Philadelphia L.C.

In 1891 the Brooklyns joined the New York A.C., the Philadelphias merged with the Athletic Club of the Schuylkill Navy, and the Manhattan A.C. organized a team. In the same year

the Amateur Athletic Union of the United States took charge of lacrosse and instituted a series of games for the championship. The foregoing three teams with one from Staten Island A.C. competed in this series. New York A.C. won after a hard struggle. The same club also won the championship in 1892.

In 1893 the Staten Island A.C. players joined the Crescent A.C. and subsequently played a series of games with the New Yorks, but were easily defeated by the latter in every contest. At the close of that season the writer, who had been in charge of lacrosse at New ork A.C., was obliged, for business reasons, to give up further active connection with the game. The New York A.C. then withdrew from lacrosse, which was a serious blow to the game.

During the period covering the years 1883 to 1888 a good many of the principal teams in the United States disbanded, prominent among which were the Union A.C., Baltimore A.C., Louisville L.C., Columbia University A.A., Yale University A.A., Chicagos and Calumets of Chicago and St. Paul L.C. The latter three, however, resumed playing some three years ago.

Since my active participation in the game ceased I have not followed up the changes that have taken place as I used to do, and cannot therefore write authoritatively about them. Even as it is, I may be a little wrong in some of my dates, as my memory now is not as good about lacrosse matters as it was when I was a player.

In reading over this article I find that I have not referred in it to the Pennsylvania University team, organized in 1899, Johns Hopkins University in 1895 and Swarthmore in 1898. The first named only existed a few years, but the latter two are to-day and have been for years among the brightest stars in the intercollegiate firmament.

In 1905 the United States Inter-Collegiate Lacrosse League was formed, comprising Columbia, Cornell, Harvard, Johns Hopkins, Lehigh, Stevens, Swarthmore and Hobart. Although Columbia has been forced to withdraw, the rest of the league remains intact, and is on a very successful footing.

The Mount Washington team of Baltimore has also been play-

ing very good lacrosse for several years past. I cannot here omit a reference to the splendid work that has been done by the players of the Crescent A.C. of Brooklyn, who have for many years borne the burden of keeping lacrosse alive and making it known to lovers of athletic sports in the greater city. Their many games with Canadian teams every season has been of great benefit to lacrosse, and they have also extended great help to the college teams by playing matches with them every year before the regular inter-collegiate games begin.

At the writer's suggestion a few years ago the Johns Hopkins and Mount Washington teams of Baltimore introduced lacrosse to the Cadets at Annapolis, where it has since been very successful. The writer also was partly instrumental in having the game taken up at West Point, but there it has not done so well on account of the restrictions at that institution.

At one time it looked as if the West Point team would be a strong rival of the Navy players, but eventually the players, after preparing a quite elaborate schedule of games, found themselves without time to practice and had to cancel all their dates. I am hopeful, however, that this state of affairs will before long be changed and the Army players have again an opportunity to put a team in the field. I have always believed that if lacrosse could be made a success at Annapolis and West Point and an annual contest be held between teams from both, same as in base ball and foot ball, it would have a decidedly beneficial result on the game.

One of the strongest teams in the country to-day is that of the Carlisle Indians, which is playing regularly a very difficult schedule. It is indeed eminently fitting that lacrosse, the creature of the American Indians, should again come into its own in this manner.

During the past few years several new colleges have taken up the sport, among which are Springfield (Mass.) Training School, Pennsylvania State College, Baltimore Polytechnic Institute, Maryland Agricultural College, Baltimore City College, and University of Minnesota. The University of Pennsylvania has also resumed play and is developing a fast combination.

Interest has also been shown at Dartmouth, Trinity and Amherst, and although as yet there are no authorized teams from these colleges, the game is being played and there are high hopes for the future.

The advent of the Boston Lacrosse Club in 1913 was a feature. This club in its first year played series with the Crescent A.C., Harvard, and other clubs. Around New York the Bronx Lacrosse Club, the Hoboken Lacrosse Club, and the New York Lacrosse Club are regularly playing lacrosse and are making excellent progress.

The public schools in and around New York play annually for the Thompson Trophy, which is doing more than any one thing to stimulate interest in lacrosse in the secondary schools. Andover Academy has taken up the game and is playing some of the New York and a few of the Boston schools.

There is no doubt that lacrosse has taken a new lease of life and its growth in the future should be rapid and gratifying.

Constitution of the United States Inter-Collegiate Lacrosse League.

ARTICLE I.

This organization shall be called United States Intercol-Legiate Lacrosse League.

ARTICLE II.

The object of this organization shall be the fostering of the game of lacrosse in the collegiate institutions of the United States.

ARTICLE III.

- Section 1. Its members shall be the lacrosse clubs, associations or teams representing the following collegiate institutions: Columbia University, Cornell University, Harvard University, Johns Hopkins University, Lehigh University, Stevens Institute of Technology, Swarthmore College, and Hobart College; together with such other collegiate institutions as may hereafter be admitted in the manner herein provided.
- SEC. 2. Each member shall have two representatives, one graduate and one undergraduate; each of whom shall have a vote at all meetings of the league.
- SEC. 3. In case any representative cannot be present at any meeting, he may be represented by proxy, provided that a written request to such effect be presented to the meeting.
- SEC. 4. The representatives shall at the annual convention elect two members at large, neither of whom shall represent any member during his term of office. They shall hold office for two years, and shall each have a vote at all meetings of the league. In case of a vacancy, it may be filled at any meeting by ballot.

ARTICLE IV.

Section 1. Any collegiate institution desiring to be represented in this league shall present an official application to the Secretary

of the league who shall report the same to the annual convention. A ballot shall then be taken, and if the vote is unanimous, the collegiate institution shall be admitted to the league on compliance with the several provisions of the following section:

SEC. 2. No collegiate institution shall become a member of the league until said institution has signed an agreement to be bound by the Constitution, By-Laws and Playing Rules of the league, and has paid the annual dues in advance.

ARTICLE V.

Section 1. The officers shall consist of a President, a Vice-President and a Secretary-Freasurer. They shall be elected at the annual convention from the graduate representatives by ballot, and shall hold office for one year.

SEC. 2. Any vacancy occurring in any of said offices may be filled by any graduate representative appointed by the President and approved by two-thirds of the representatives, in writing.

ARTICLE VI.

Section 1. The President shall preside at all meetings of the league and shall, through the Secretary, call all meetings of the league.

Sec. 2. In case of the President's absence or resignation the Vice-President shall perform the duties of the President.

SEC. 3. The duties of the Secretary-Treasurer shall be as follows: (a) As Secretary he shall keep an accurate record of all official transactions of the league, and a Register containing the names of its members, together with the names of the officers of each, and name and addresses of managers of teams and of representatives. He shall also keep a record of names of teams, days and places of playing and results of games, and shall conduct all official correspondence of the league. He shall issue all requisite notices and notifications and shall report to the Annual Convention. (b) As Treasurer he shall receive and hold all funds of the league and disburse the same according to the direction of the Executive Committee. He shall keep a correct account

of all moneys received and disbursed by him, and shall report the same to the Annual Convention.

ARTICLE VII.

- SECTION I. There shall be an Executive Committee, consisting of the President, Vice-President, Secretary-Treasurer and the members at large. They shall carry on the business of the league between the Annual Conventions, and may, at their discretion, or on written request of two-thirds of the members, call special meetings of the General Committee composed of all the representatives, which committee shall have the same powers as the Annual Convention with regard to the matters mentioned in the following section:
- SEC. 2. The Executive Committee shall investigate and decide all complaints in regard to points of play, violations of the Constitution, By-Laws or Playing Rules or disputes arising thereunder. Such complaints must be presented in writing to the Secretary who shall on the approval of the President, at once call a meeting of the Executive Committee to consider the matter. The complainant and member complained against shall be given reasonable notice of the date and place of such meeting and the representatives of each may be present. At such meetings a majority of the committee shall constitute a quorum.
- SEC. 3. Any member may carry an appeal from the Executive Committee to the next Annual Convention on filing with the Secretary a notice of intention to so appeal, stating fully the grounds of such appeal.

ARTICLE VIII,

SECTION I. The league shall have jurisdiction over all its members.

ARTICLE IX.

SECTION I. The Annual Convention shall consider and finally dispose of all matters appealed to it as hereinbefore provided.

SEC. 2. The Annual Convention may by a two-thirds vote, (a) suspend or expel any member of the league for foul play or

unfair conduct of its team; whether such offence be committed by the team collectively or by individual members of such team; or (b) prohibit offending individuals from playing lacrosse on the 'varsity team of any member for the remainder of the season; or (c) suspend or expel a member of the league for violation of the Constitution, By-Laws or Playing Rules of the league.

ARTICLE X

Section 1. The annual convention shall be held in New York City, at a time decided upon by a two-thirds vote of the previous convention; and notice of such convention shall be sent by the Secretary-Treasurer to every member of the league at least ten days before the date decided upon. Each member shall then immediately send to the Secretary-Treasurer the names of its representatives for the ensuing year.

By-Laws

ARTICLE I.

- SECTION I. The league, as at present constituted, shall consist of two sections—Northern and Southern. The Northern section shall include Cornell University, Harvard University, Stevens Institute of Technology, and Hobart College. The Southern section shall include Johns Hopkins University, Lehigh University, and Swarthmore College.
- SEC. 2. Each team shall play one match with every other team in its section for the sectional championship; and such games shall be home and home games.
- SEC. 3. The Executive Committee shall purchase two trophies before March 1st of every year, one to be awarded to each of the teams deemed by said committee winner of the championship of its section. Any member aggrieved by such award may appeal in the manner provided in Article VII. Sec. 3, of the Constitution, to the Annual Convention. Said trophies shall be of similar design, and neither shall exceed twenty dollars (\$20) in cost.
- Sec. 4. Every member of the league shall pay annual dues of \$15, payable in advance at the Annual Convention. No additional assessment shall be made unless by the request of the Executive Committee and on written approval by all of the members.

ARTICLE II.

Section 1. A majority of the representatives shall constitute a quorum of any meeting.

ARTICLE III.

Section 1. The visiting team shall pay its own expenses, and the total receipts of any championship match shall go to the home club, unless other arrangements be made by the teams interested.

- SEC. 2. Any team that shall without the consent of its adversary fail to appear at the time and place appointed for a championship match or shall refuse to play such match or shall withdraw from such match prior to its termination shall forfeit such match unless a satisfactory excuse in writing shall be filed with the Secretary-Treasurer within ten days after such date. The Executive Committee shall at once decide as to the sufficiency of such excuse and may require the team at fault to pay at once the expenses of the other. From such decision an appeal may be carried to the Annual Convention in the manner provided in Article VII, Sec. 3, of the Constitution. Any member whose team shall without sufficient excuse forfeit more than one match shall forfeit its membership in the league.
- SEC. 3. The teams winning the sectional championships may, if they so desire, play a match for the championship of the league. Such match shall be played on neutral grounds; and, if duly arranged for, shall be subject to the provisions of this article, except that the teams shall divide expenses and net receipts. The Executive Committee may on approval of all the members in writing purchase a trophy at a cost not to exceed twenty dollars (\$20), and award the same to the winning team. Such award shall be subject to appeal in the manner provided in Article VII, Sec. 3, of the Constitution.

ARTICLE IV.

Section 1. All official correspondence between the Secretary-Treasurer and the members of the league shall be conducted through the managers of teams, and notices shall be sent to them.

ARTICLE V.

- SECTION I. Each member of a team must be a bona fide student of some department of the collegiate institution he represents, and no such student shall be allowed to play more than the total number of four years of "'varsity lacrosse."
- SEC. 2. Such student must be an amateur and must be eligible according to the rules and definitions of the collegiate institution

he represents; but the one year residence rule shall be strictly applied and construed only to men who have represented another institution in intercollegiate lacrosse.

SEC. 3. Each member shall be deemed to guarantee the eligibility of each of the members of its team; and any member proved to have allowed, to represent it, a player ineligible under the provisions of this article shall forfeit all matches in which such player competed, and may be suspended or expelled from the league.

ARTICLE VI.

Section 1. The league hereby adopts the rules known as the American Lacrosse Rules.

ARTICLE VII.

Section 1. No amendment or alteration shall be made in any part of the Constitution, By-Laws or Playing Rules of the league except at the Annual Convention and by a two-thirds vote of all the representatives and members at large. Notice of proposed amendments or alterations shall be sent by the introducer to the Secretary-Treasurer, who shall notify each member of the league at least ten days before the Annual Convention.

American Lacrosse Rules

RULE I.

THE CROSSE.

Section 1. The crosse may be of any length to suit the player, and shall not exceed one foot in width. It shall be woven with cat-gut. ("Cat-gut" is intended to mean rawhide, gut or clock string; not cord or soft leather.) A string must be brought through a hole in the side of the tip of the turn, to prevent the point of the stick catching on opponent's crosse. A leading string resting upon the top of the stick may be used, but shall not be fastened so as to form a pocket lower down the stick than one of the length-strings. The length-strings shall be woven to within two inches of their termination, so that the ball cannot catch in the meshes. Metal of any kind shall not be allowed upon the crosse; splices must be made either with string or gut.

RULE II.

THE BALL.

The ball shall be India-rubber sponge, not less than seven and three-quarters, nor more than eight inches in circumference and four and a half to five ounces in weight. In matches it shall be furnished by the home club, and shall become the property of the winning team.

LACROSSE GOAL NET.

RULE III.

GOALS.

SECTION I. Each goal shall consist of two poles six feet apart, and six feet high out of the ground, joined by a rigid top crossbar. The poles must be fitted with a pyramid-shaped netting (as shown in sketch) of not more than one and one-half inches mesh,

which pyramid shall extend and be fastened to a stake in the

ground at a point seven (7) feet back of the center of the goal, and said netting shall be so made as to prevent the passage of the ball put through the goal from the front, and the bottom of the netting must be held close to the ground with tent pegs or staples. They shall be placed at least 110 yards, and if the ground will permit, 125 yards, from each other. In matches, they must be furnished by the home club.

Section 2. The Goal Crease shall be a marked line, 18 x 12 feet, and the goal poles shall be placed six feet from the front and back lines and six feet from the side lines.

RULE IV.

THE TEAMS.

SECTION I. Twelve players shall constitute a full team; they shall be regular members, and in good standing, of the club they represent and of no other club.

SEC. 2. The players on each side shall be designated as follows:

"Goal Keeper," who defends the goal; "Point," first man from goal; "Cover Point," in front of point; "First, Second and Third Defence;" "Center," who faces; "Third, Second and First Attack," and the players nearest the opponents' goal shall be called "Outside Home" and "Inside Home."

RULE V.

FIELD CAPTAINS.

Section I. Field Captains, to superintend the play, shall be appointed by each club previous to the commencement of a match. They shall be members of the club for whom they act and of no other. They may or may not be players in a match, but neither team shall have as Field Captain a non-player without consent of the other team.

SEC. 2. Field Captains who are non-players shall not carry a crosse, nor shall they be dressed in lacrosse uniform, nor shall they in any manner obstruct the play or interfere with an opponent during the match.

- SEC. 3. They alone shall be the representatives of their respective teams in all disputes.
- Sec. 4. They shall "toss" for choice of goals, and none other than either of the said Field Captains, or the Referee, shall be allowed to claim "foul" during a match. The Field Captain shall report infringements of the laws during a match to the Referee. They shall also define the bounds of the playing field, and report same to the Referee.
- Sec. 5. If, after the commencement of a match, it becomes apparent that either Umpire is guilty of giving unjust decisions, the Field Captain of the side offended may enter a protest with the Referee against his conduct, and ask for his removal and the reversal of the Umpire's decision.
- Sec. 6. The Field Captain, as well as the members of his team, shall be answerable to the authority of the Referee, and shall be liable to expulsion from the field by the Referee.

RULE VI

- SECTION 1. The Referee shall be a disinterested party, and shall not be a member of either of the contending clubs, unless agreed upon by both clubs. The authority of the Referee shall
- until the end of the match.

 Sec. 2. The referees and umpires who are to act in the games on the official schedule shall be agreed upon at the annual convention. Alternates shall also be chosen, the expenses connected therewith to be shared equally by the two contesting teams.

commence from the time of the appointment, and shall continue

- Sec. 3. In case principals and alternates fail to appear, the captains of the two contesting teams shall settle upon the referee and umpires.
- SEC. 4. Before the match the Referee shall see that properly qualified Umpires are selected, as provided for in Rule VII, and Time Keepers as provided for in Rule VIII.
- Sec. 5. When "foul" has been called by either Captain, the Referee shall immediately call "time" or blow his whistle (except

as provided in the following Section), after which the ball must not be touched by either party, nor shall the players move from the position in which they happen to be at the moment, until the Referee has again started the game.

SEC. 6. He shall not have the power to suspend play when the player who has been fouled is still in possession of the ball, or the ball remains in the possession of such player's side.

SEC. 7. The jurisdiction of the Referee shall not extend beyond the match for which he is appointed. At the commencement of each game, and after "fouls" and "ball out of bounds," he shall see that the ball is properly faced. He shall have the power to call a foul on any player or Field Captain of either side.

Sec. 8. Any side rejecting his decision, by refusing to continue the match, shall be declared losers. All disputed points, or matters of appeal, that may arise during his continuance in office shall be left to his decision, which shall be final, provided his decisions have been in accord with the Rules and Constitution.

Sec. 9. If "foul" has been claimed by either Field Captain and the game scored before the Referee has had an opportunity to call "time," the Referee shall decide whether or not a foul has been committed; and if he decides that a foul has been committed, he shall give a free throw, face the ball, or allow the goal if Section 6 is applicable.

Sec. 10. In the event of a complaint being made and proven against the decisions of either Umpire, the Referee shall dismiss the Umpire and appoint another, setting aside and reversing the decision objected to.

SEC. 11. The Referee shall, in addition to his control of the players, have control and jurisdiction over the two Field Captains, and in the event of either Field Captain interfering with the players in the opposing team, or being guilty of threatening, profane or obscene language, or in any way violating any rule that would bring a player under censure, the Referee shall be empowered to order the Field Captain to leave the field, and the refusal on the part of any Field Captain to obey such a ruling, shall forfeit the match to the opposing team.

SEC. 12. In the event of Umpires not being appointed by consent of the clubs, it shall be the duty of the Referee to appoint one or more Umpires as may be required, neither of whom shall be one of the parties objected to by either club.

SEC. 13. The home club in all matches shall be responsible for keeping the grounds clear of spectators, and in cases where the spectators persist in crowding on the grounds, or in any way interfering with the players or the officials so as to delay the progress of, or affect the result of, the match, the Referee shall declare the match off, and on his reporting the circumstances to the Advisory Committee, they shall order the match to be played over on neutral grounds on a date to be fixed by them, or the match awarded to the club not at fault.

SEC. 14. Any goal scored after the Referee has blown his whistle or called time, shall not count. This section shall govern, even though the Referee ought not to have blown his whistle or called time.

Sec. 15. The Referee shall strictly enforce the whole of Rule X.

RULE VII.

UMPIRES.

Section I. There shall be two Umpires, one at each goal. They shall be disinterested parties, and shall not be removed during the progress of the match, except by order of the Referee.

SEC. 2. They shall not change goals during the match, and shall stand behind the goals. In the event of the game being claimed, the Umpire at the goal shall at once decide whether or not the ball has passed through the goal, his decision simply being "goal" or "no goal," without comment of any kind. His decision shall be final, except as provided in Rule VI, Section 10.

RULE VIII.

TIME KEEPERS.

Section 1. Two Time Keepers shall be appointed, one by each Field Captain, before the commencement of the match, whose duty it shall be to keep an accurate account of the time of each game, deducting time for stoppages in the actual play resulting from injuries to players, ball out of bounds, or disputes. They shall also keep a record of all time lost between games. They

shall immediately report to the Referee any variance in their time, and the matter shall be at once decided by him. The Referee shall compare the record of both Time Keepers immediately after each game. He shall be guided by them as to the duration of the match.

RULE IX.

THE GAME.

Section 1. Before the match begins the Referee shall draw the players up in lines and see that the regulations respecting the ball, crosses and shoes are complied with. Disputed points, whereon the captains disagree, shall be left to his decision.

SEC. 2. The game shall be started in the center of the field by the Referee placing the ball between and touching the reverse surfaces of the crosses of the players facing, and when both sides are ready the Referee shall call "play." This is known as "facing." The players shall have their left side toward the goal they are attacking, and in every case the crosses must be drawn. The ball shall be faced in any part of the field in this manner whenever it is necessary. In all cases where the ball is faced no player shall be allowed within 10 feet of those facing the ball until it is in play.

- Sec. 3. Games in all cases must be won by putting the ball through the goal from the front side.
- Sec. 4. After the end of the first half the opposing teams shall change goals,
- SEC. 5. Should the ball be accidentally put 'hrough a goal by one of the players defending it, it shall be a goal for the team attacking the goal. Should it be put through a goal by any one not actually playing it shall not count.
- SEC. 6. In the event of the goal post being knocked down and the ball put through what would be the goal in the opinion of the Umpire at that end, if the goal posts were standing, it shall count a goal for the attacking side.
- Sec. 7. In no case must the ball be faced closer to the goals than ten (10) yards in any direction.
- Sec. 8. The goal keeper, while defending his goal within the goal crease, although not allowed to catch and throw with his

hand, may but away with his hand or block in any manner with his crosse or body.

SEC. 9. Should the ball lodge in any place inaccessible to the crosse, or become ensuared in the goal netting, it may be taken out with the hand, and the player picking it up must face for it ten feet within playing limits with his nearest opponent. In case either uses a left-handed crosse, the Referee shall call "play" when both are ready and toss the ball up between them.

SEC. 10. Should the ball eatch in the crosse netting, the crosse shall be immediately struck on the ground to dislodge it.

Sec. II. Ball thrown out of bounds must be "faced" at the nearest spot where it left the bounds and all the players shall remain in their places until the ball is faced.

SEC. 12. Players may exchange their crosses during a match. SEC. 13. If the player should be in possession of the ball when "time" is called he must drop it on the ground. If the ball enters the goal after "time" has been called it shall not count.

Sec. 14. Should a player lose his crosse during the game he shall consider himself "out of play," and shall not be allowed to kick the ball or touch it in any way until he recovers his crosse.

Sec. 15. Any player considering himself purposely injured during the play must report to the captain, who shall report to the Referee.

SEC. 16. Captains may change the players on their teams at any time during the game, but no new player may go on the field until the player whose place he is taking has left it and both have so notified the Referee. No player having once left the game may return to it.

There shall be no change of players for or in the extra periods of a tie game, except in case of injury to a player, when the captain whose player is not injured may choose to drop a man or allow a substitute for the injured player.

SEC. 17. Should one team be deficient in the number of players, at the time fixed for starting a match, their opponents may, if they see fit, limit their own number, to equalize the sides, but no game shall be played with less than ten players on a side.

SEC. 18. No change of players shall be made after the match has commenced, except as herein provided, or by the consent of both captains.

SEC. 19. Should a foul be claimed and disallowed, the side against whom the foul has been claimed shall be allowed a free throw or the ball shall be faced, at the option of the Referee; should the foul be allowed the player fouled shall have a free throw, but in no case shall it be made within ten (10) yards of the goal. By a free throw it is understood that the player fouling and the one fouled shall be placed in the same positions as they occupied immediately previous to the foul, the player fouled having the ball on his crosse. At the word "play" from the Referee, each shall be allowed to play in any manner allowed by the rules of the game.

Sec. 20. A match shall consist of two thirty-five minute halves, with an intermission of ten minutes between halves, and the side scoring the greater number of goals shall be declared the winner. Time is to be taken out whenever time is called. In the event of a tie, play shall be continued after an intermission of ten minutes, for one-quarter hour, and the side having scored the greater number of goals at the end of this time shall be declared the winner. In the event of a tie at the end of this time, the Captains shall decide whether the game be postponed or playing continued until a goal be scored, or that it remain a tie.

SEC. 21. On the day selected, if one club only, with at least ten of its regular players and substitutes, put in an appearance, it shall be entitled to claim a victory by default. If its opponents refuse to fulfill their engagement, or do not appear upon the ground at the specified time, the club complying with the terms agreed shall be declared the winner of the match, unless the defaulting club is delayed by circumstances beyond its control.

RULE X.

SETTLEMENT AND PENALTY FOR "FOULS."

For all fouls except Nos. 13 and 19, the Referee shall have power to suspend the offending player for the remainder of the game, or at his option to warn the offending player for the first offence and to suspend him for the remainder of the game for the second offence. If the player offends after being suspended once he sha!l be removed for the remainder of the match.

For violations of Nos. 13 and 19, the player shall at once be removed for the remainder of the match.

- A player shall not:
- 1. Hold an opponent's crosse with his hands, arms or between his legs; nor hold, strike or trip him with his crosse; run in front of him or interfere in any way to keep him from the ball until another player reaches it.
- 2. Hold, strike or trip an opponent, or push him with the hand.
 - 3. Wrestle with legs entwined, so as to throw an opponent.
- 4. Touch the ball with his hands, save as in Rule IX, or excepting goal-keeper as in Rule IX.
- 5. Throw his crosse at a player or at the ball under any circumstances.
- 6. Move from his position when "time" is called until the ball is again faced.
- 7. No player except the goal-keeper shall stand within the goal crease, nor shall he check the goal-keeper while the latter is within the bounds of the goal crease. Any goal made while an attacking player is within the goal crease or interfering with the goal-keeper while the latter is within the crease, shall be deemed a foul, and shall not be counted. The offending player and side shall be subject to the usual penalty for fouls. The goal-keeper, while within the crease, may not hold the ball on his crosse longer than is necessary to step out of the crease.
- 8. Use the check commonly known as the "square" or "crosse" check, which consists of one player charging into another with both hands on the crosse so as to make the stick meet the body of his opponent.
- 9. Jump at, or shoulder an opponent from behind while running for or after reaching the ball.
- 10. Interfere in any way with another player who is in pursuit of an opponent.

- 11. Deliberately kneel, lie down, or drop in front of an opponent when both are in pursuit of the ball.
 - 12. Attempt to influence the decision of the Umpire.
- 13. Use threatening, profane or obscene language to any player, or to the Referee, Umpires or Field Captains at any time during the match.
 - 14. Forcibly body check an opponent into a fence.
- 15. Charge into an opponent after he (opponent) has thrown the ball.
- 16. Wear any shoes except canvas shoes with flexible rubber soles, with or without rubber or leather cleats.
- 17. Persistently throw the ball out of bounds, lie on same, or in any way try to prolong the time of a game.
- 18. Check an opponent's crosse, or attempt to knock the same out of his hands in any way, unless both players are contending for the ball.
 - 19. Deliberately strike another with his crosse or otherwise.

The foregoing playing rules have been prepared after careful consideration of the rules now in use both in the United States and Canada, and after consultation with some of the best known living exponents of lacrosse. Such new provisions have been embodied into these rules as were necessary to make them conform to the present advanced state of the game.

U. S. I. C. L. L. Records

1906

Columbia—12, Alumni, 1; 2, New York Lacrosse Club, 2; 1, Lehigh, 6; 2, Stevens, 7; 8, College City of New York, 0; 0, Cornell, 3; 0, Hobart, 4; 2, Harvard, 3; 9, Pennsylvania, 0.

Cornell—3, Lehigh, 3; o, Johns Hopkins, 9; o, Swarthmore, 3; 3, Columbia, 0; 5, Onondaga Indians, 0; o, Hobart, 6; 1, Harvard, 0; 2, Stevens, 2; 1, Hobart, 5.

Harvard—1, Johns Hopkins, 7; o, Mt. Washington, 11; 1, Swarthmore, 7; 3, University of Pennsylvania, 0; 3, Philadelphia Lacrosse Club, 6; 10, 110bart, 2; 3, Columbia, 2; 1, Crescent A.C., 6; o, Cornell, 1.

Hobart—2, Onondaga Indians, 1; 5, Rochester Lacrosse Club, 2; 4, Columbia, 0; 2, Harvard, 10; 3, Rochester Lacrosse Club, 3; 6, Cornell, 0; 2, Buffaio Lacrosse Club, 1; 2, Toronto University, 10; 2, Seneca Indians, 3; 2, Seneca Indians, 1; 5, Cornell, 1; 3, Rochester Lacrosse Club, 4.

Johns Hopkins—8, Pennsylvania, 0; 7, Harvard, 1; 7, Cornell, 0; 5, Lehigh, 1; 4, Stevens, 2; 5, Swarthmore, 4.

Lehigh—11, C.C.N.Y., o; 1, Philadelphia Lacrosse Club, 5; 6, Columbia, 1; 3, Cornell, 3; 11, University of Virginia, 1; 1, Johns Hopkins, 5; 0, Swarthmore, 7; 4, Stevens, 6.

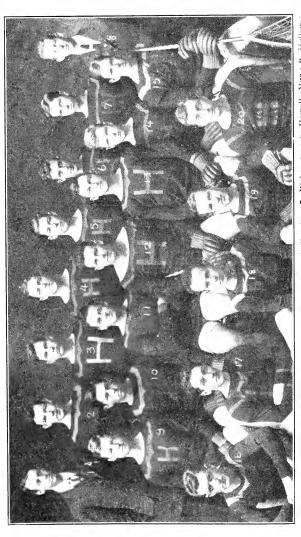
Stevens Institute—10, C.C.N.Y., 0; 1, Crescent A.C., 5; 4, New York Lacrosse Club, 2; 7, Columbia, 2; 3, Swarthmore, 4; 2, Johns Hopkins, 4; 6, Lehigh, 4; 2, Cornell, 2.

Swarthmore—8, Pennsylvania, 1; 7, Harvard, 1; 4, Crescent A.C., 0; 3, Cornell, 0; 4, Stevens, 3; 14, C.C.N.Y., 0; 7, Lehigh, 0; 4, Johns Hopkins, 5; 3, Mt. Washington, 8; 3, Toronto University, 4; 5, Philadelphia Lacrosse Club, 4.

1907

Columbia—11, Alumni, 3; 2, Hobart, 3; 2, Cornell, 4; 3, New York Lacrosse Club, 5; 3, Harvard, 9; 2, Crescent A.C., 7; 1, Stevens, 8.

Cornell—9, Onondaga Indians, 0; 2, Seneca Indians, 0; 3, Hobart, 2; 3, Harvard, 2; 4, Columbia, 2; 4, Stevens, 3; 2, Hobart, 1.



 Wolfe, Coach; 2, Hasson; 3, Niles; 4, Gillett; 5, Tappan; 6, Everton; 7, Richar, son; 8, Howell, Mgr.; 9, Halber;
 Hock, Capt.; 13, Sears; 14, Troxell; 15, Marshall, 16, LaMotte; 17, Hollyday; 18, Beatty; 19, Knipp; 20, Price. JOHNS HOPKINS UNIVERSITY LACROSSE TEAM.

Harvard—1, Johns Hopkins, 7; 4, Mt. Washington, 11; 3, Swarthmore, 6; 5, Lehigh, 5; 1, Stevens, 9; 5, Crescent A.C., 7; 9, Columbia, 3; 2, Cornell, 3; 6, Hobart, 10.

Hobart—o, Seneca Indians, 3; 2, Cornell, 3; 10, Harvard, 6; 3, Columbia, 2; 3, Toronto University, 5; 1, Cornell, 2.

Johns Hopkins—7, Harvard, 1: 12, Lehigh, 2; 3, Mt. Washington, 5; 9, Stevens, 0; 8, Swarthmore, 3.

Lehigh—5, C.C.N.Y., 1: 8, Mt. Washington, 5; 5, Harvard, 5; 2, Johns Hopkins, 12; 2, Stevens, 12: 7, Swarthmore, 1.

Stevens—9, C.C.N.Y., 1; 4, New York Lacrosse Club, 1; 9, Harvard, 1; 12, Lehigh, 2; 0, Johns Hopkins, 9; 1, Mt. Washington, 7; 8, Columbia, 1; 5, Swarthmore, 6; 3, Cornell, 4; 3, New York Lacrosse Club, 0.

Swarthmore—5, Philadelphia Lacrosse Club, 4; 6, Harvard, 3; 3, Crescent A.C., 5; 1, Lehigh, 7; 3, Johns Hopkins, 8; 6, Stevens, 5; 3, Mt. Washington, 7; 9, Toronto University, 2; 9, Philadelphia Lacrosse Club, 4.

1908

Columbia—8, Alumni, 2; o, Johns Hopkins, 11; o, Stevens, 2; 3, N. Y. L. C., 2; 3, C. C. N. Y. o; 1 C. C. N. Y., o; 2, Cornell, 13; 1, Hobart, 10; 1, Harvard, 10.

Cornell—5, Rochester Lacrosse Club, 2; 13, Columbia, 2; 3, Ilobart, 3; 11, Harvard, 15; 8, Hobart, 7.

Harvard—3, Hopkins, 6; 2, Mt. Washington, 5; 2, Lehigh, 3; 7, Navy, 1; 2, Stevens, 6; 15, Cornell, 11; 10, Columbia, 1; 3, Hobart, 1.

Hobart—10. Syracuse Rangers, 2; 10. Columbia, 1; 3, Cornell, 3; 3, Syracuse Lacrosse Club, 2; 7, Cornell, 8; 1, Harvard, 3.

Johns Hopkins—6, Navy, 1; 11, Columbia, 0; 6, Harvard, 3; 5, Lehigh, 2; 5, Stevens, 0; 4, Swarthmore, 3; 7, Mt. Washington, 4; 6, Toronto University, 9.

Lehigh—7, C. C. N. Y., 0; 3, Mt. Washington, 4; 3, Harvard, 2; 2, Hopkins, 6; 4, Swarthmore, 9; 8, Stevens, 4.

Stevens—7, C. C. N. Y., 0; 1, Crescent A. C., 2; 2, Columbia, 2; 6, Harvard, 2; 0, Hopkins, 5; 4, Lehigh, 8; 2, Swarthmore, 8.

Swarthmore—9. Philadelphia Lacrosse Club, 6; 3, Mt. Washington, 4; 9, Lehigh, 4; 2, Crescent A. C., 4; 3, Hopkins, 4; 8, Stevens, 2; 2, Toronto University, 11.



Onthank, Asst. Mgr.; 2, Fleming; 3, Brundage; 4, Gustafson, Coach; 5, Lincoln; 6, Conant. Mgr.; 7, Hallock; 8, Wilson; 9, Nghringule; 10, MacKenzie; 11, Chrivthill; 12, Bentley; 13, Simmons, Capt.; 14, Forishill; 15, Long; 16, Brock; 17, Abbe; 18, Perguson, Asst. Mgr.; 19, Catton.

HARVARD UNIVERSITY LACROSSE TEAM,

1909

Columbia—4, Lehigh, 0; 2, Swarthmore, 9; 4, Stevens, 5; 5, Cornell, 3; 0, Mt. Washington A.C., 5; 2, Harvard, 5; 8, Flushing L.C., 0; 5, Hobart, 1.

Cornell—3, Columbia, 5; 8, Harvard, 2; 10. Stevens, 2; 3, Swarthmore, 5; 3, Hobart, 6.

Harvard—1, Johns Hopkins, 11; 4, Lehigh, 3; 3, Navy, 6; 3, Stevens, 2; 5, Columbia, 2; 3, Hobart, 2; 2, Cornell, 8.

Hobart—1, Rochester L.C., 2; 2, Harvard, 3; 1, Columbia, 5; 3, Crescent A.C., 9; 2, Toronto University, 0; 6, Cornell, 3.

Johns Hopkins—7, Navy, 2; 9, Alumni, 3; 11, Harvard, 1; 6, Lehigh, 3; 8, Stevens, 3; 13, Swarthmore, 3; 5, Mt. Washington, 7.

Lehigh—3. Johns Hopkins, 6; 3, Stevens, 9; o, Columbia, 4; 3, Harvard, 4; 1, Crescent A.C., 7.

Stevens—2, Crescent A.C., 5; 5, Columbia, 4; 2, Harvard, 3; 3, Johns Hopkins, 8; 9, Lehigh, 3; 6, Swarthn ore, 9; 2, Cornell, 10.

Swarthmore—9, Columbia, 2; 7, Alumni, 2; 5, Mt. Washington, 6, 3, Johns Hopkins, 13; 9, Stevens, 6; 5, Cornell, 3; 5, Johns Hopkins Alumni, 7; 3, Toronto, 4.

1,910

Columbia—1, C.C.N.Y., 1; 5, Broux L.C., 2; 0, N.Y.L.C., 3; 1, Lehigh, 8; 3, West Point, 4; 1, Hobart, 10; 0, Cornell, 11; 2, Harvard, 4.

Cornell--3, Rochester L.C., 0; 4, Crescent A.C., 6; 11, Columbia, 0; 7, Hobart, 4; 4, Harvard, 7; 4, Stevens, 1; 14, Hobart, 2.

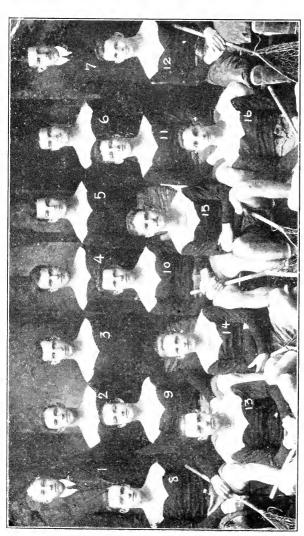
Harvard—3, Johns Hopkins, 6; 1, Navy, 0; 7, Swarthmore, 11; 2, Stevens, 4; 9, Springfield T. S., 3; 8 Hobart, 1; 4, Columbia, 2; 7, Cornell, 4; 0, University of Toronto, 5.

Hobart—13, Syracuse L.C., 1; 1, Rochester L.C., 1; 10, Columbia, 1; 1, Harvard, 8; 5, Crescent A.C., 9; 4, Cornell, 7; 0, Toronto University, 9; 2, Cornell, 14.

Johns Hopkins—6, Lehigh, 3; 6, Harvard, 3; 6, Stevens, 1; 3, Swarthmore, 16; 3, Alumni, 4; 6, Navy, 7.

Lehigh—3, Carlisle, 2; 8, Columbia, 1; 2, Navy, 4; 3, Johns Hopkins, 6; 4, Swarthmore, 9; 6, Stevens, 1.

Stevens—3. New York L.C., 4; 11, C.C.N.Y., 0; 6, Crescent A.C., 2; 4, Harvard, 2; 4, Swarthmore, 8; 1, Johns Hopkins, 6; 1, Lehigh, 6; 1, Cornell, 4; 6, Carlisle, 4.



Asst. Mgr.; 2, Raynor; 3, Flick; 4, Hadaway; 5, Mayer; 6, Donaldson; 7, Coleman, Mgr.; 8, Dunn; 9, 10, Jay. Capt.; 11, Buck; 12, Perkins; 13, White; 14, Mayers; 15, Speed; 16, Sauchez, LEHIGH UNIVERSITY LACROSSE TEAM. 1. Lawshe, Hartdegen; 1

Swarthmore—4, Mt. Washington, 5; 11, Harvard, 7; 5, Carlisle, 3; 8, Stevens, 4; 7, Navy, 5; 9, Lehigh, 4; 10, Johns Hopkins, 3; 6, Johns Hopkins Alumni, 4; 3, Toronto University, 5.

1911

Cornell—0, Navy, 12; 2, Mt. Washington Lacrosse Club, 3; 2, Johns Hopkins, 7; 2, Lehigh, 5; 14, Rochester Lacrosse Club, 1; 0, Crescent Athletic Club, 5; 3, Harvard, 10; 2, Stevens, 5; 7, Hobart, 4.

Harvard—7, Springfield Manual Training School, 2; 2, Johns Hopkins, 3; 2, Mt. Washington Lacrosse Club, 3; 4, Navy, 2; 2, Carlisle Indians, 1; 7, Hobart, 0; 10, Cornell, 3.

Hobart—I, Akron Indians, I; o, Rochester Lacrosse Club, 3; o, Harvard, 7; 2, Toronto University, 10; 5, Cornell, 9.

Johns Hopkins—2, Navy, 1; 1, Alumni, 2; 7, Cornell, 2; 3, Harvard, 2; 8, Carlisle Indians, 5; 11, Swarthmore, 7; 6, Lehigh, 4; 9, Stevens, 4.

Lehigh—I, Carlisle Indians, 7; 5, Cornell, 2; 2, Navy, 7; 4, Mt. Washington Lacrosse Club, 6; 3, New York Lacrosse Club, 2; 9, Stevens, 3; 4, Johns Hopkins, 6; 4, Swarthmore, 6.

Stevens—2, New York Lacrosse Club, 2; 0, Crescent Athletic Club 12; 3, Lehigh, 0; 7, Bronx Lacrosse Club, 3; 0, Swarthmore, 10; 3, Johns Hopkins, 0; 5, Cornell, 2; 1, Carlisle Indians, 5.

Swarthmore—6, New York Lacrosse Club, 3; 6, Crescent Athletic Club, 3; 7, Johns Hopkins, 11; 10, Stevens, 9; 6, Lehigh, 4; 1, Navy, 7; 3, Carlisle Indians, 8; 1, Mt. Washington Lacrosse Club, 11.

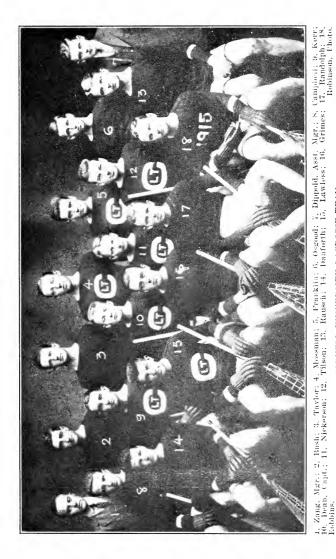
1912

Cornell—2, Swarthmore, 5; 2, Johns Hopkius, 2; 5, Carlisle Indians, 2; 1, Crescent Athletic Club, 2; 5, Hobart, 4; 11, Rochester Lacrosse Club, 1; 0, Harvard, 13; 6, Hobart, 3.

Harvard—4. Johns Hopkins, 5; 9, Maryland Agricultural College, 1; 3. Mt. Washington Club, 4; 25, Springfield Lacrosse Club, 0; 15, Bronx Lacrosse Club, 3; 12, Hobart, 2; 13, Cornell, 0; 7, Swarthmore, 3.

Hobart—7, Akron Indians, 0; 4, Cornell, 5; 2, Harvard, 12; 1, Crescent A.C., 0; 4, Rochester Lacrosse Club, 2; 1, Toronto University, 8; 3, Cornell, 6.

Johns Hopkins—2, Alumni, 2; 2, Cornell, 2; 5, Harvard, 4; 4, Carlisle Indians, 8; 8, Stevens, 0; 2, Swarthmore, 4; 4, Lehigh, o.

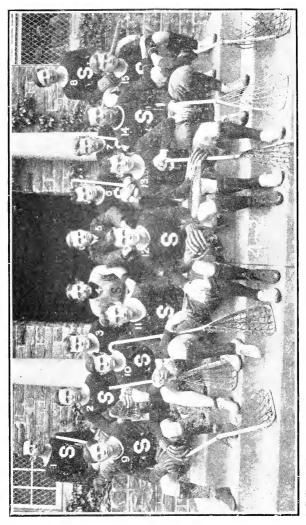


CORNELL UNIVERSITY LACROSSE TEAM.

Lehigh—1, Navy, 11; 1, Mt. Washington, 7; 16, Baltimore City College, 5; 4, Carlisle Indians, 5; 2, New York Lacrosse Club, 1; 4, Swarthmore, 14; 14, Stevens, 2; 9, Johns Hopkins, 3.

Stevens—3. New York Lacrosse Club, 4; 4, Crescent A.C., 8; 4, Crescent A.C. 2nd, 1; 6, Johns Hopkins, 8; 2, Lehigh, 14; 2, Swarthmore, 3.

Swarthmore—5, Cornell, 2; 3, New York Lacrosse Club, 1; 6, Navy, 6; 15, Lehigh, 4; 4, Hopkins, 2; 3, Stevens, 2; 5, Carlisle Indians, 3; 2, Mt. Washington L.C., 8; 2, Harvard, 7; 1, Toronto University 6



1. Collins; 2, Sharpless, 3, McGovern; 4, Whithead, Coach; 5, Thatcher, Mgr.; 6, Luheres; 7, Farley; 8, Ownings; 9, Buckman; 10, Shepherd; 11, Messner; 12, P. Roberts, Capt.; 13, B. Roberts; 14, Blumhard; 15, Waters. SWARTHMORE COLLEGE LACROSSE TEAM.

U. S. I. C. L. L. Records of 1913

Cornell—3, Lehigh, 0; 4, Swarthmore, 1; 2, Johns Hopkins, 5; 3, Carlisle, 4; 11, Hobart, 0; 5, Stevens, 0; 2, Crescent A.C., 2; 1, Harvard, 5; 7, Hobart, 4.

Harvard—6, Boston L.C., 3; 19, University of Pennsylvánia, 0; 13, Maryland Agricultural College, 0; 8, U. S. Naval Academy, 3; 3, Johns Hopkins, 6; 9, Stevens, 3; 0, Boston L.C., 2; 7, Hobart, 3; 5, Cornell 1; 8, Boston L.C., 1; 4, Stevens, 2.

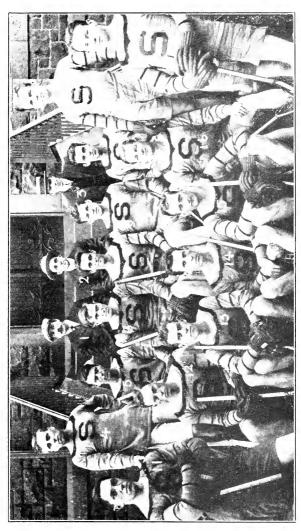
Hobart—o, Cornell, 11: 6, Syracuse L.C., 1; 3, Harvard, 7; 4, Cornell, 7; 1, Stevens, 11; 6, Toronto, 16.

Johns Hopkins—4, Alumni, 2: 5, Cornell, 2; 4, U. S. Naval Academy, 4; 11, Stevens, 0; 6, Harvard, 3; 6, Lehigh 3; 2, Carlisle, 4; 7, Swarthmore, 4.

Lehigh—o, Cornell, 3; 4, U. S. Naval Academy, 3; 9, Mt. Washington, 2; 2, Carlisle 1; 3, Johns Hopkins, 6; 7, Swarthmore, 2; 9, Stevens, 1.

Stevens—3, Crescent A.C., 8; o, Johns Hopkins, 11; 3, Swarthmore, 7; 3, Harvard, 9; o, Cornell, 5; 11, University of Pennsylvania, 1; 1, Lehigh, 9; 5, Hobart, 3; 2, Harvard, 4.

Swarthmore—I, Cornell, 4; 17, New York L.C., 0; 7, Stevens, 3; 6, U. S. Naval Academy, 6; 2, Lehigh, 7; 4, Johns Hopkins, 7; 5 University of Pennsylvania, 0; 2, Carlisle, 3; 6, University of Pennsylvania, 2.



 "Doc" Traeger; 2. Bender, Mgr.; 3, Trewin, Asst. Mgr.; 4, Moss; 5, Bernard; 6, Collins; 7, Kaist; 8, Parsons; 9. Blaksher; 10, Naussy; 11, Van Sielen; 12, Campbell; 13, Bassett; 14, Birkenstock, Capt.; 15, Hemphreys; 16, Henry; 17, Jawrence. STEVENS INSTITUTE LACROSSE TEAM.

Schedule for 1914

CORNELL.

April 2-Lehigh at South Bethlehem.

April 3—Swarthmore at Swarthmore.

April 4-Johns Hopkins at Baltimore.

April 6—Carlisle at Carlisle.

April 18-Hobart at Geneva.

April 25—Stevens at Ithaca.

May 2—Crescent A.C. at Bay Ridge.

May 9—Hobart at Ithaca.

May 16—Harvard at Cambridge.

HARVARD.

April 11-Boston Lacrosse Club at Cambridge.

April 18-Johns Hopkins at Baltimore.

April 21-Mt. Washington at Baltimore.

April 23-U. S. Naval Academy at Annapolis.

April 25—University of Pennsylvania at Philadelphia.

May 1—Hobart at Cambridge.

May 2—Boston Lacrosse Club at Cambridge.

May 9—Stevens at Hoboken.

May 16—Cornell at Cambridge.

May 23—Johns Hopkins at Cambridge.

HOBART.

April 11—Syracuse Lacrosse Club at Geneva.

April 18-Cornell at Geneva.

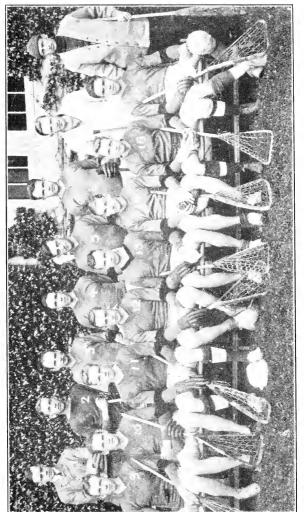
April 24—Stevens at Geneva.

May I—Harvard at Cambridge.

May 9—Cornell at Ithaca.

May 15—Pennsylvania State at State College.

May 26-Toronto at Geneva.



HOBART COLLEGE LACROSSE TEAM.

JOHNS HOPKINS.

Mar. 28-Alumni at Baltimore.

April 4—Cornell at Baltimore.

April 9-Navy at Annapolis.

April 11-University of Pennsylvania at Baltimore.

April 18—Harvard at Baltimore.

April 25-Lehigh at South Bethlehem.

May 2—Carlisle at Baltimore.

May 9-Swarthmore at Baltimore.

May 23-Harvard at Cambridge.

LEHIGH

Mar. 28—Navy at Annapolis.

April 2-Cornell at South Bethlehem

April 11—Crescent A.C. at Brooklyn.

April 18-University of Pennsylvania at South Bethlehem,

April 25-Johns Hopkins at South Bethlehem.

May 2—Swarthmore at South Bethlehem.

May 9—Carlisle at South Bethlehem.

May 16—Stevens at Hoboken.

STEVENS.

April 4—Hoboken L.C. at Hoboken.

April 11-Swarthmore at Swarthmore.

April 18-Crescent A.C. at Bay Ridge.

April 24—Hobart at Geneva.

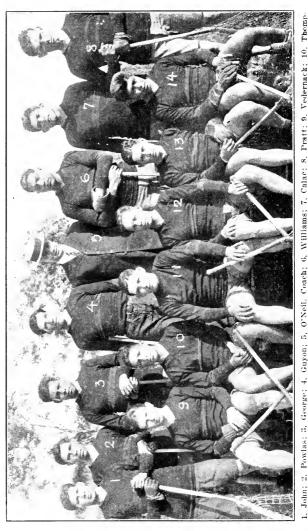
April 25—Cornell at Ithaca.

May 9-Harvard at Hoboken.

May 16—Lehigh at Hoboken.

May 23—University of Pennsylvania at Hoboken

June 6—Swarthmore at Hoboken.



1. John; 2. Powlas; 3. George; 4. Guyon; 5. O'Neil. Ceach; 6. Williams; 7. Calac; 8. Pratt; 9. Vedernack; 10. Thompson; 11. Large, Capt.; 12. Oakes; 13. Crowe; 14. Crane. CARLISLE INDIAN SCHOOL LACROSSE TEAM.

SWARTHMORE.

April 3—Cornell at Swarthmore.

April 11-Stevens at Swarthmore.

April 16-Navy at Annapolis.

April 18-Baltimore Polytechnic Institute at Swarthmore.

April 25—Carlisle at Carlisle.

April 29—University of Pennsylvania at Philadelphia.

May 2-Lehigh at Swarthmore.

May 9—Johns Hopkins at Baltimore.

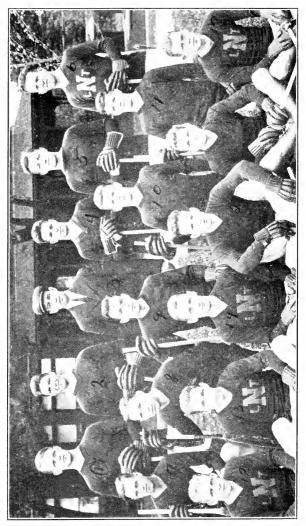
May 16-New York Lacrosse Club at Swarthmore.

May 23-Mt. Washington Club at Baltimore

May 26—Toronto at Swarthmore.

May 30-University of Pennsylvania at Swarthmore.

June 6—Stevens at Hoboken.



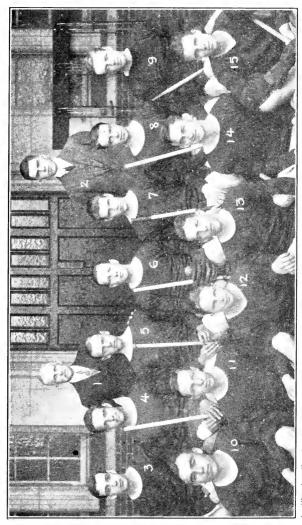
1. Ralston; 2, Wiley; 3, Finlayson; 4, Manry; 5, McReny; 6, Cuneen; 7, Spanagel; 8, Bower; 9, Mitchell; 10, Starkey; 11, Creighton; 12, McKee; 13, Davis; 14, Gray; 15, Clark; 16, Cohen; 17, Wiltse. UNITED STATES NAVAL ACADEMY LACROSSE TEAM.

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Standing of Teams in the United States Inter-Collegiate Lacrosse League Since Its Formation.

SEASON 1905.		
NORTHERN DIVISION. SOUTHERN DIVISION.		
Won. Lost. P.C. Won. Lost	. P.C.	
Harvard 2 I .667 Swarthmore 3 o	1.000	
Cornell 2 I .667 Johns Hopkins 2 I	.667	
Columbia 2 I .667 Stevens I 2	.333	
Pennsylvania o 3 .000 Lehigh o 3	,000	
SEASON 1906.		
Northern Division. Southern Division.		
Won. Lost. P.C. Won. Lost		
Cornell 3 0 1.000 Johns Hopkins 3 0	1.000	
Harvard 2 1 .667 Swarthmore 2 1	.667	
Columbia I 2 .333 Stevens I 2	.333	
Pennsylvania o 3 .oeo Lehigh o 3	.000	
SEASON 1907,		
Northern Division. Southern Division.		
Won. Lost. P.C. Won. Lost	. P.C.	
Cornell 3 o 1.000 Johns Hopkins 3 o	I.000	
Hobart 2 I .667 Lehigh I 2	.333	
Harvard I 2 .333 Stevens I 2	.333	
Columbia o 3 .000 Swarthmore 1 2	.333	
SEASON 1908.		
Northern Division. Southern Divisio	N.	
Won. Lost. P.C. Won. Los	P.C.	
Harvard 3 o 1.000 Hopkins 3 o	1.000	
Cornell 2 I .667 Swarthmore 2 I	.667	
Hobart 1 2 .333 Lehigh 1 2	-333	

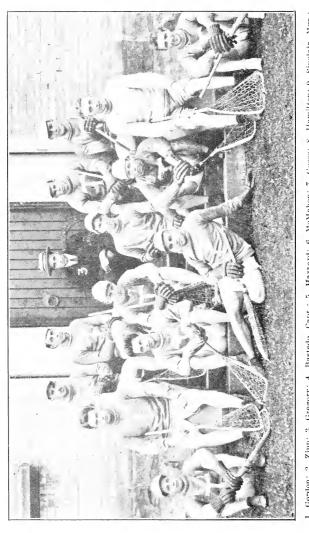
Columbia.... o 3 .000 Stevens.... o 3



 Chapin, Coach; 2, Cooke, Asst. Mgr.; 3, Gorman; 4, Kubie; 5, Parker; 6, Kilgore, Capt.; 7, Graham, Mgr.; 8,
 MacLeod; 9, Brion; 10, Farr; 11, Evars; 12, Hussa; 13, Seaver; 14, Price; 15, Van Buskirk. UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA LACROSSE TEAM.

SEASON 1000

SEASO	ON 1909.	
Northern Division.	Southern Division.	
Won. Lost. PC.	Won. Lost. PC.	
Harvard 2 1 .667	Hopkins 3 0 1.000	
Columbia 2 I	Swarthmore*. I I .500	
Cornell 1 2 .333	Stevens I 2 .333	
Hobart 1 2 .333	Lehigh* 0 2 .000	
* No game between Lehigh :	and Swarthmore.	
CEACO	ON	
SEASON 1910. Northern Division. Southern Division.		
Won. Lost. PC.	Won. Lost. PC.	
Harvard 3 0 1.000	Swarthmore 3 0 1.000	
Cornell 2	Hopkins 2 I667 Lehigh 1 2333	
Hobart 1 2 .333 Columbia 0 3 .000	Lehigh 1 2	
Continua 5	Stevens o g	
SEASO	ON 1911.	
NORTHERN DIVISION. SOUTHERN DIVISION.		
Won. Lost. PC.	Won. Lost. PC.	
Harvard 2 0 1.000	Johns Hopkins 3 0 1.000	
Cornell 1 1 500	Swarthmore 2 I .667	
Hobart 0 2 .000	Lehigh I 2 .333	
	Stevens 0 3 .000	
SE 180	ON 1912.	
Northern Division.	Southern Division.	
Won, Lost. PC.	Won. Lost. PC.	
Harvard 2 0 1.000	Swarthmore 3 0 1.000	
Cornell I I .500 Hobart 0 2 .000	Lehigh 2 I667 Johns Hopkins I 2333	
Hobart 0 2 .000	Johns Hopkins I 2 .333 Stevens	
	Stevens 0 3 .000	
SEASO	ON 1913.	
NORTHERN DIVISION. SOUTHERN DIVISION.		
Won, Lost. PC. Won. Lost. PC.		
Harvard 3 0 1.000	Johns Hopkins 2 0 1.000	
Cornell 2 I667	Lehigh 1 1 .500	
Stevens 1 2 .333	Swarthmore o 2 .000	
Hobart o 3 .000		



1. Gordon; 2. Zinn; 3. Gregory; 4. Bastedo, Capt.; 5. Hazzard; 6. McMahon; 7. Gosse; 8. Hamilton; 9. Sinclair, Mgr.; 10. Price; 11. Clarke; 12. Irdand; 13. Holmes; 14. Duggan. UNIVERSITY OF TORONTO LACROSSE TEAM.

Other Than League Teams

1908.

United States Naval Academy—1, Hopkins, 6; 1, Harvard, 6; 4, Baltimore City College, 2.

Mount Washington Club—4, Lehigh, 2; 5, Harvard, 2; 4. Swarthmore, 3; 13, N. Y. L. C., 0; 4, Hopkins, 7; 2, Crescent A. C., 6; 2, Toronto University, 6; 7, Philadelphia L. C., 4; 1, Crescent A. C., 8.

Rochester Lacrosse Club—9, Hobart, 2: 13, Seneca Indians, 4; 2, Cornell, 5; 14, Syracuse, 4: 3, Oneidas, 1; 2, Seneca Indians, 2.

Baltimore City College—8, Hopkins Freshmen, 3; 10, Hopkins Sophomores, 4; 9, Hopkins Sophomores, 3; 12, Hopkins Sophomores, 5; 3, Mt. Washington Scrubs, 5; 4, Navy, 2.

Boys' High School, Brooklyn, N. Y.—I, Stevens Prep., 5; 4, Manual Training High School, 0; 2, Harvard Freshmen, 2; 3, Manual Training High School, 1; 4, Poly Prep., I.

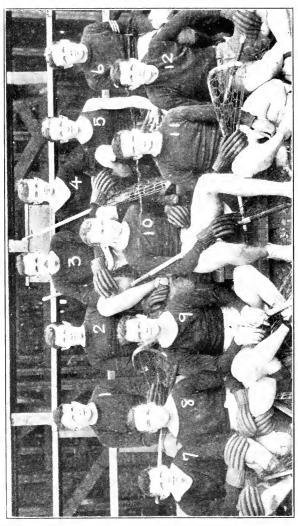
Poly Prep. School, Brooklyn, N. Y.—3, Flushing Lacrosse Club, 5; I, Flushing Lacrosse Club, 3; 2, Brooklyn H. S., I; I, Harvard Freshmen, 3; 2, Stevens Freshmen, 5; I, Alumni, 2; I, Boys' High School, 4.

1909.

Crescent A.C.—5, Stevens, 2; 7, Lehigh, 1; 7, N.Y.L.C., 3; 3, N.Y.L.C., 2; 4, Rochester, 2; 9, Hobart, 3; 5, Mt. Washington, 3; 10, Toronto University, 4; 1, Toronto University, 1; 9, Mt. Washington, 2; 10, Brantford, 2; 5, St. Simons, 1; 6, Toronto A.A., 0.

1910.

United States Naval Academy—6, Mt. Washington Juniors, 0; 8, Johns Hopkins, 7; 6, Mt. Washington Seniors, 1; 0, Harvard, 1; 4, Lehigh, 2; 5, Swarthmore, 7; 2, Carlisle, 3.



1. Smith; 2. Johnson; 3, Gill; 4, Mehard, Mgr.; 5, Cune.c; 6, Olmstead; 7, Munhall; 8, Gallaeger; 9, Wilson; 10, Farley, Capt.; 11, Ehrharf; 12, Peters. PENNSYLVANIA STATE COLLEGE LACROSSE TEAM.

United States Military Academy--4, Columbia, 3; 11, Boys' High, 0; 5, Bronx Lacrosse Club, 0; 5, New York Lacrosse Club, 3; 4, Hoboken Lacrosse Club, 3.

Mt. Washington Club—I, Navy, 6; 5, Swarthmore, 4; 3, Johns Hopkins, 6; 3, Johns Hopkins Alumni, 0; I, Carlisle, 3; 3, Crescent A.C., 4; 5, Johns Hopkins Alumni, I.

United States Indian School—2, Lehigh, 3; 3, Swarthmore, 5; 4, Stevens, 6; 15, Baltimore City College, 0; 3, Mt. Washington, 1; 3, Navy, 2.

Baltimore City College—8, Johns Hopkins Sophs., 1; 9 Maryland Agricultural College, 0; 3, Johns Hopkins Sophs., 1; 0, Carlisle, 13; 5, Mt. Washington Juniors, 0; 1, Mt. Washington, 3.

1911.

United States Naval Academy—I, Johns Hopkins, 2: 12, Cornell, 0; 7, Lehigh, 2; 2, Harvard, 4; 6, Mt. Washington, 0; 7, Swarthmore, I.

Crescent Athletic Club—9, Bronx L.C., 3; 14, Stevens, 0; 3, Swarthmore, 6; 7, New York L.C., 1; 5, Cornell, 0; 8, New York L.C., 2; 5, Mt. Washington, 3; 8, Toronto University, 3; 4, Toronto University, 1; 8, Mt. Washington, 1; 6, Montreal A.A., 3; 4, Montreal A.A., 3; 4, Toronto, 13; 7, Toronto, 3.

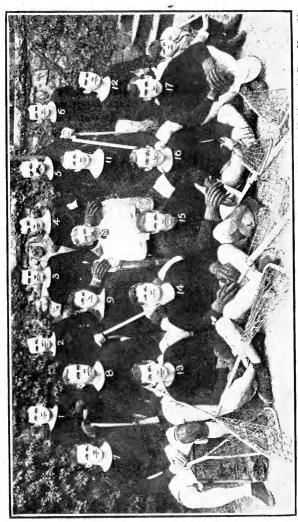
Baltimore City College—6, Maryland Aggies, 1; 0, Carlisle, 10; 5, Mt. Washington, Jr., 1; 2, Johns Hopkins 2nd, 0; 4, Maryland Aggies, 1; 2, Mt. Washington, Jr., 3; 1, Johns Hopkins 2nd, 0; 4, Mt. Washington, Jr., 0.

New York Lacrosse Club—2 Stevens, 1; 2, Crescent A.C., 7; 9, Bronx L.C., 4; 5, Hoboken L.C., 1; 3, Swarthmore, 5; 2, Lehigh, 3.

Springfield Training School—2, Harvard, 7; 5, Chicopee, o. Stevens School—2, Curtis H.S., o; 3, B.H.S., 3; 5, Stevens Freshmen, 3; 2, Harvard Freshmen, 4; 4, B.H.S., 3.

1912.

United States Naval Academy—4, Baltimore City College, 2; 30, University of Maryland, 1; 11, Lehigh, 1; 6, Swarthmore, 6; 6, Crescent A.C., 4; 2, Mt. Washington Club, 4.



i, inition; 2, S. Kennedy; 3, Wardell; 4, Oates; 5, Moses; 6, O'Rourke; 7, Cypiot; 8, Kieley; 9, Maddren; 10, Bass, Mgr.; 11, Wall; 12, Dobby; 13, Andrews; 14, DuFresne; 15, V. Kennedy; 16, Walbridge; 17, Thomas. CRESCENT ATHLETIC CLUB LACROSSE TEAM.

Crescent Athletic Club—11, Bronx Lacrosse Club, 0; 8, Stevens, 4; 9, New York Lacrosse Club, 1; 2, Cornell, 1; 4, Annapolis, 6; 10, Hobart, 1; 7, New York Lacrosse Club, 0; 4, Carlisle Indians, 3; 5, Toronto University, 5; 3, Toronto University, 1; 5, Mt. Washington Club, 2; 5, Shamrocks, 2; 8, St. Simon, 8; 9, Toronto Lacrosse Club, 3.

Baltimore City College—2, Navy, 4; o, Carlisle Indians, 8; 3, Walbrook A.C., 2; 4, Lehigh, 15; 8, Maryland Agricultural College, 1; o, Mt. Washington Club, 10; 5, Baltimore Polytechnic Ins., 1.

New York Lacrosse Club—4, Stevens, 2; 1, Swarthmore, 3; 1, Lehigh, 2; 3, Crescent A.C., 8; 2, Bronx Lacrosse Club, 2; 1, Crescent A.C., 5; 2, Bronx Lacrosse Club, 3; 5, Bronx Lacrosse Club, 2.

Bronx Lacrosse Club—o, Crescent A.C., 11; 7, Stevens Freshmen, 1; 3, Harvard, 15; 2, New York Lacrosse Club, 2; 1, Stevens, 5; 3, New York Lacrosse Club, 2; 2, New York Lacrosse Club, 5; 5, Stevens, 2; 1, Crescent A.C., 5.

Carlisle Indians—10, Baltimore City College, 0; 2, Cornell, 5; 10, Maryland Agricultural College, 0; 5, Lehigh, 4; 8, Johns Hopkins, 4; 14, Walbrook A.C., 0; 3, Swarthmore, 5; 3, Crescent A.C., 4; 1, Mt. Washington, 11.

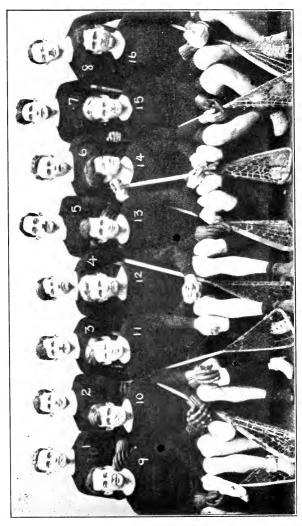
1913

United States Naval Academy—9, Baltimore City College, 1; 6, Walbrook A.C., 2; 3, Lehigh, 4; 4, Johns Hopkins, 4; 4, Harvard, 8; 5, Swarthmore, 5; 5, Carlisle, 2; 8, Mt. Washington, o.

University of Toronto—16, Hobart, 3; 8, Crescent A. C., 4; 4, Crescent A. C., 4.

Pennsylvania State College—4, University of Pennsylvania, 3; 3, Bronx Lacrosse Club, 3.

Carlisle Indians—7, Baltimore City College, 0; 9, Maryland Agricultural College, 1; 4, Cornell, 3; 7, Baltimore Poly. Institute,1; 1, Lehigh, 2; 3. U. S. Naval Academy, 5; 4, Johns Hopkins, 2; 6, Walbrook A. C., 2; 3, Swarthmore, 2; 12, University of Pennsyl-



 Fleming; 2. Roberts; 3. Hodgdon; 4. Nichols; 5. Boyd; 6. White; 7. Hale; 8. Downer 9. Sever; 10, Penhallow; 11.
 Cochrane; 12, Gustafson, Capt.; 13, Marsters. Mgr.; 14, Nash; 15, Wead; 16, Leavitt. BOSTON LACROSSE CLUB TEAM.

vania, 0; 1, Crescent A.C., 7; 6, Mt. Washington, 7; 8, Mt. Washington, 5.

Baltimore City College—1, Navy, 8; o, Carlisle, 7; 1, Maryland Agricultural College, 1; 2, Walbrook A.C., 3; 3, Johns Hopkins, 2nd, 1; 3, Mt. Washington, 6; 2, Baltimore Polytechnic Institute, 3.

Baltimore Polytechnic Institute—3, Walbrook A.C., 4; I, Carlisle, 7: 5, Hopkins 2nd, 1; 3, Baltimore City College, 2; 2, Mt. Washington, 8.

University of Pennsylvania—o, Harvard, 19; 3, Crescent A.C., 7; 1, Stevens, 11; 0, Swarthmore, 4; 3, Bronx Lacrosse Club, 2; 0, Carlisle, 12; 3, Pennsylvania State College, 4; 2, Swarthmore, 6.

Crescent A.C.—8, Stevens, 3; 9, University of Pennsylvania, 4; 10, New York Lacrosse Club, 4; 2, Cornell, 2; 2, Boston Lacrosse Club, 0; 8, New York Lerosse Club, 4; 7, Carlisle, 1; 4, University of Toronto, 8; 4, University of Toronto, 4; 3, Mt. Washington, 0; 4, St. Simon, 3; 9, Prescott, 5; 4, Montreal A.A., 6; 6, New York Lacrosse Club, 1.

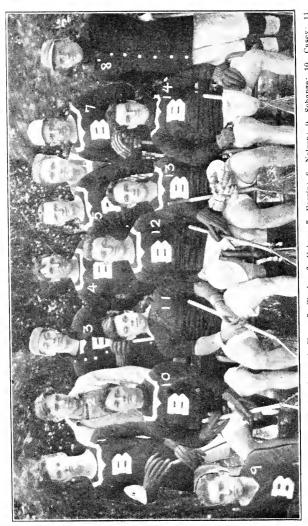
New York Lacrosse Club—1, Swarthmore, 8; 4, Crescent A.C., 10; 3, Bronx Lacrosse Club, 4; 4, Crescent A.C., 8; 1, Crescent A.C., 6; 5, Bronx Lacrosse Club, 2.

Bronx Lacrosse Club—2, New York Lacrosse Club, 1; 2, University of Pennsylvania, 3; 3, Pennsylvania State College, 3; 0, New York Lacrosse Club, 3.

Boston Lacrosse Club—9, Harvard 2nd, 2; 3, Harvard, 6; 2, Harvard, 0; 0, Crescent A.C., 2; 1, Harvard, 8.

Mt. Washington Club—2, Lehigh, 9; 5, Walbrook A.C., 4; 5, Maryland Agricultural College, 2; 6, Baltimore City College, 4; 6, Baltimore Polytechnic Institute, 2; 7, Carlisle, 6; 5, Carlisle, 8; 0, Crescent A.C., 3.

Hoboken Lacrosse Club—4, Curtis High School, 4; 5, Stevens 2nd, 4; 2, Manual Training High School, 6.



1. Filman: 2. Shilsky; 3. Hutcheon: 4. Shea: 5. Clarke; 6. Fabey; 7. Ferrin; 8. Nelson; 9. Schanze; 10. Casey; 11. Defor'mer; 12. Brisott, Capt.; 13. Bolton, Mgr.; 14. Tafel. BRONX LACROSSE CLUB TEAM.

Schedule for 1914

Other Than League Teams.

UNITED STATES NAVAL ACADEMY.

Mar. 28—Lehigh at Annapolis.

April 2—Baltimore City College at Annapolis.

April 9-Johns Hopkins at Annapolis.

April 16—Swarthmore at Annapolis.

April 22—Harvard at Annapolis.

April 30-Carlisle at Annapolis.

May 7—University of Pennsylvania at Annapolis.

CARLISLE.

Mar. 28—Baltimore City College at Carlisle.

April 4—Open.

April 6—Cornell at Carlisle.

April 11—Baltimore Polytechnic Institute at Carlisle.

April 18—University of Pennsylvania at Carlisle.

April 25—Swarthmore at Carlisle.

April 30-U. S. Naval Academy at Annapolis.

May 2—Johns Hopkins at Baltimore.

May 9-Lehigh at South Bethlehem.

May 16—Open.

May 23—Pennsylvania State at State College.

May 26—Toronto at Carlisle.

May 30-Mt. Washington at Baltimore.

BALTIMORE CITY COLLEGE.

Mar. 28—Carlisle at Carlisle.

April 2—U. S. Naval Academy at Annapolis.

April 11-Maryland Agricultural College at Baltimore.

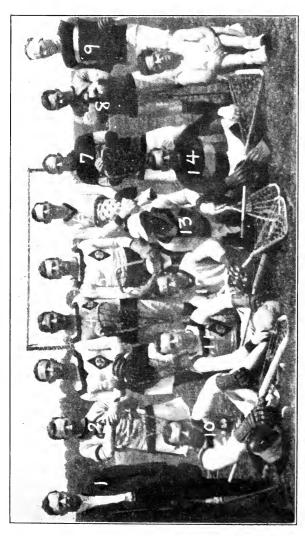
April 18-Pennsylvania State at State College.

April 25-Mt. Washington at Baltimore.

May 2-Maryland Agricultural College at College Park.

May 9-Walbrook A.C. at Baltimore.

May 16—Baltimore Polytechnic Institute at Baltimore.



Raymond; 2. McKenzie; 3. Baum; 4. McIntyre; 5. Pasternak; 6. Steinart; 7. Beattie; 8, Britton; 9, Chapman; 16, Rosenblatt; 11, Harmon; 12, Nolan; 13, Nelson; 14, Hart; 15. Saqui. NEW YORK TACKOSSE CLUB TEAM.

BALTIMORE POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTE.

Mar. 28—Walbrook A.C. at Walbrook.

April 4-Mt. Washington at Mt. Washington.

April 11-Carlisle at Carlisle.

April 18—Swarthmore at Swarthmore.

April 25-Maryland Agricultural College at College Park.

May 2—Hopkins 2nd at Homewood.

May 9-Pennsylvania State at State College.

May 16—Baltimore City College at Homewood.

UNIVERSITY OF PEXXSYLVANIA.

April 11-Johns Hopkins at Baltimore.

April 18—Carlisle at Carlisle.

April 25-Harvard at Philadelphia.

May 2—Pennsylvania State at State College.

May 7-U. S. Naval Academy at Annapolis.

May 16—Lehigh at South Bethlehem.

May 23—Stevens at Hoboken.

May 30—Swarthmore at Swarthmore.

UNIVERSITY OF TORONTO.

May 26—Carlisle at Carlisle.

May 28-Mt. Washington at Baltimore.

May 29—Swarthmore at Swarthmore.

May 30—Crescent A.C. at Bay Ridge.

June 9-Hobart at Geneva.

PENNSYLVANIA STATE COLLEGE.

April 25—Baltimore City College at State College.

May 2—University of Pennsylvania at State College.

May 9—Baltimore Polytechnic Institute at State College.

May 15—Hobart at State College.

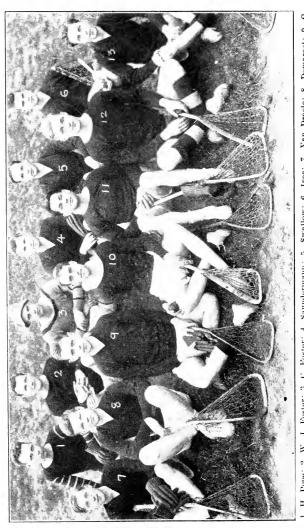
May 23—Carlisle at State College.

May 25—Stevens at State College.

June 6—Swarthmore at State College.

HOBOKEN LACROSSE CLUB.

April 4-Stevens at Hoboken.



1. H. Pope; 2. W. J. Foster; 3, C. Foster; 4, Saundermann; 5, Swallow; 6, Ives; 7, Van Dreele; 8, Demarest; 9, 6, B. Pope, Mgr.; 10, Lawrence, Capt.; 11, Debrot; 12, Brittain; 13, Bates. HOBOKEN (N. J.) LACROSSE CLUB TEAM.

CRESCENT A.C.

April 4-New York Lacrosse Club at Bay Ridge.

April 11—Lehigh at Bay Ridge.

April 18-Stevens at Bay Ridge.

April 25—Bronx Lacrosse Club at Bay Ridge.

May 2—Cornell at Bay Ridge.

May 9-Boston Lacrosse Club at Bay Ridge.

May 16—New York Lacrosse Club at Bay Ridge.

May 23—Mt. Washington at Baltimore.

May 30—University of Toronto at Bay Ridge.

June 6-Mt. Washington at Bay Ridge.

June 13—St. Catherine at Bay Ridge.

June 20—St. Simon at Bay Ridge.

June 27-Montreal A.A. at Bay Ridge.

NEW YORK LACROSSE CLUB.

April 4—Crescent A.C. at Bay Ridge.

April 18-Lehigh at South Bethlehem.

April 25—Bronx Lacrosse Club at New York.

May 2—Crescent A.C. at Bay Ridge.

May 16—Swarthmore at Swarthmore.

May 23—Curtis High Schoo! at New York.

June 6—Bronx Lacrosse Club at New York.

July 4—Bronx Lacrosse Club at New York.

BRONX LACROSSE CLUB.

April 18—Curtis High School at West Brighton.

April 25—Crescent A.C. at Bay Ridge.

May 2—New York Lacrosse Club at New York.

May 16—Stevens 2nd at Hoboken.

June 6-New York Lacrosse Club at New York.

BOSTON LACROSSE CLUB.

April 4-Harvard Second Team at Cambridge.

April 11—Harvard at Cambridge.

May 2-Harvard at Cambridge.

May 9—Crescent A.C. at Bay Ridge.

May 16-Andover at Andover.



Tilghman; 9, Messersmith; 1. Ranft, Coach; 2. Klernut; 3. Kerr; 4. Moltz; 5. C. Smith; 6. Ellioft, Mgr.; 7. Joyce; 8. 10. Sellman; 11, Taylor; 12, R. Smith; 13, Wright, Capt.; 14, Robinson; 15, Wilson. BALTIMORE POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTE LACROSSE TEAM.

Records of Secondary Teams, 1913

Harvard 1916—13, Andover, 0; 5, Boys' High, 4; 8, Andover, 3; 7, Curtis H. S., 1.

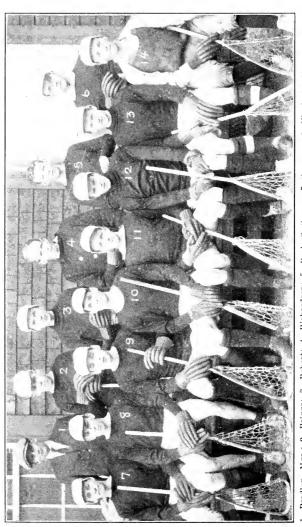
Stevens School—13, Boys' High, 0; 5, Stevens 1916, 0; 2, Manual T. H. S., 1; 9, Curtis H. S., 0.

Manual Training High School—7, Boys' High, o; 7, Curtis H. S., o; 1, Stevens School, 2; 7, Alumni, 3; 3, Curtis H. S., o; 1, Boys' High, o; 6, Hoboken L. C., 2.

Curtis High—4, Hoboken L. C., 4; 3, Stevens 1916, 3; 1, Boys' High, 0; 0, Stevens 1915, 0; 0, Manual, 7; 2, Boys' High, 1; 0, Manual, 3; 1, Andover. 3; 1, Harvard 1916, 7; 0, Stevens School, 9.

Brooklyn Boys' High—o, Manual, 7; o, Curtis High, 1; o, Stevens School, 13; 4, Harvard 1916, 5; o, Manual, 1; 1, Curtis High, 2.

Andover Academy—o, Harvard 1916, 13; 3, Curtis High, 1; 3, Harvard 1916, 8.



 Bradley, Mgr.; 2. Briggs; 3. Robert; 4. Richardson; 5. Beal; 6. Severy; 7. Seymour; 8. Vinal; 9. King; 10. Nash, Capt.; 11. Tinglof; 12. Laird; 13. Wanamacher; 14. Weisman. HARVARD UNIVERSITY 1916 LACROSSE TEAM.

Lacrosse vs. Base Ball

ONE SOLUTION OF THE SUMMER BALL PROBLEM.

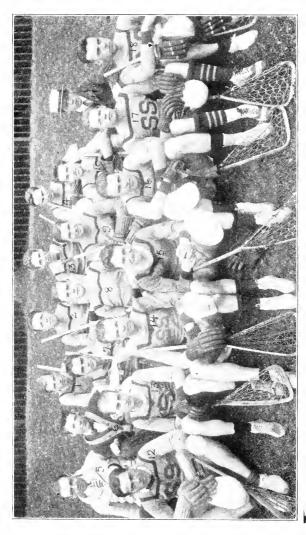
BY GLENN S. WARNER,

Athletic Director, United States Indian School, Carlisle, Pa.

[Standing in the position of Athletic Director of the United States Indian School at Carlisle, Pennsylvania, it is particularly appropriate for Mr. Warner to express his views on Lacrosse, the Indian sport. The following solution to the summer base ball question offered by him must command the highest attention everywhere, coming as it does from an authority who has had an opportunity to work out both sides of the problem.]

I believe lacrosse to be an ideal spring sport for our schools, colleges and universities, and I am of the firm opinion that those who have the interest of school and college athletics and amateur sport at heart, should consider well the advisability of substituting this game for base ball as a college sport. Such a step would seem to be about the only feasible way to settle the everpresent and much discussed evil of the so-called "summer base ball problem." As long as base ball continues to be a major college sport, no rules nor any amount of discussion can ever prevent college boys from playing it professionally in their summer vacation if they are developed at college to such a degree of skill that their services upon professional and semi-professional teams are in demand. The temptation of publicity and enormous salaries for doing something which is all play and no work is too alluring for college boys to resist.

Unlike base ball, lacrosse is not highly professionalized, as there are practically no professional lacrosse teams in the United States. Although I am a great lover of base ball and believe it the greatest game ever invented for the general public and the masses, yet I am convinced that lacrosse is better adapted for a college sport than is our great national game. One of the advantages of lacrosse as a school and college sport, in addition to the fact that it is a strictly amateur sport in this country, is

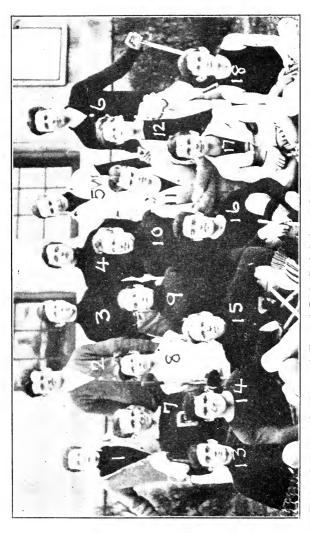


Wharry; 2. Southar; 3. Sullivan; 4. Fake; 5. Halleck; 6. Richards; 7. Dunn; S. Graydon; 9. Taylor; 10. Madden;
 In. Dunn, Mgr.; 12. O'bonghorty; 13. Merseles; 14. Medee; 15. McKay, Capt.; 16. Heneschiof; Jr. Prop. Powdi, Photo.

STEVENS SCHOOL LACROSSE TEAM.

that it can be learned and played skilfully by a boy who has never played the game, in one season, while rarely indeed is it that a college student wins a place upon the 'varsity base ball team unless he has played the game from his childhood days. All other college sports, such as track athletics, rowing and foot ball, can be taken up successfully and skill acquired during a student's college days with no experience whatever before entering college, so that all these sports are open to the inexperienced student who wishes to engage in athletics when he enters college. In these sports students can be encouraged by the fact that it is possible for them to acquire skill enough during their college careers to win the coveted college or university letter. This is not so with base ball.

For many years the athletic and other authorities of the Carlisle Indian School were perplexed by the fact that the Indian boys who played upon the school's base ball teams could not be restrained from engaging in professional base ball during the summer. The students here, unlike at colleges, did not go home for their summer vacations, but were placed out in the country upon a farm or at some trade under the school's outing system, and it was impossible to convince the base ball boys that it would be better for them to spend their summers in this way for a small monthly wage when they could earn many times more by playing base ball. The result was that many of them played professional base ball in the summer, and while a few, like Bender of the Athletics, LeRoy of St. Paul and Johnson of Cincinnati, made a success of the profession, many others were unable to withstand the numerous temptations with which they were surrounded upon semi-professional and minor league teams and acquired bad habits. For this reason it was decided several years ago to discontinue base ball as a school sport and substitute lacrosse. The school authorities have never regretted this change and the summer base ball problem has been settled in a perfectly satisfactory manner at the Carlisle School ever since lacrosse was so substituted. Base ball is still played and encouraged at the school, but the point is, that the players are not coached and developed to a point where they are in demand during the summer,

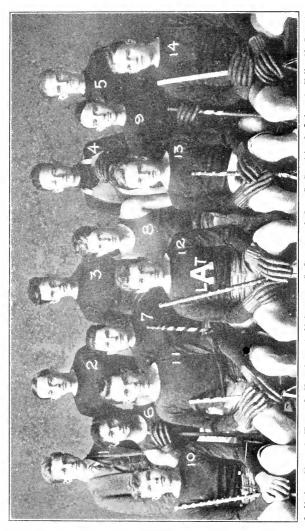


 Vischer: 2. Watters: 3. Adamson: 4. Kraus; 5. Bardwell: 6. Steinrock: 7. Volkhardt; 8. Lamberson: 9. Brautigham;
 Marhiney; 11. Schutzendorf; 12. Jones; 13. Maraldo; 14. Bernstein: 15. Keppler; 16. Granata; 17. Schwartz; 18. DeKone. CURTIS HIGH SCHOOL LACROSSE TEAM.

and they play the game only for sport and recreation and not with the idea of making base ball their business or profession.

While lacrosse originated with the Indians, the game has not been played very much by them for many years except in Canada and New York State. Most of the students at Carlisle come from the West and Southwest and only a very few boys here had ever played the game when the sport was introduced at the school. Nevertheless they took to it so readily and acquired skill so quickly that Carlisle's first season at the sport was a successful one and compared favorably with the teams of recent years after the sport was firmly established, thus proving that proficiency in the game can be quickly acquired.

Lacrosse is a highly interesting game which requires speed, courage, skill and team work of a high degree. Besides this, the expense of outfitting teams and players is small. In my opinion lacrosse is especially adapted as a spring sport for schools and colleges, and would provide an excellent substitute for base ball if it should be eventually decided that the evils of college ball can only be corrected by eliminating it as a representative college sport.



1, Mudge, Mgr.; 2, Flynn; 3, Hagadorn; 4, Makepeace; 5, Brayton; 6, Lee; 7, Corwith; 8, Quinn; 9, Volk; 10, Lorett; 11, Huntress; 12, Palmer, Capt.; 13, Hatch; 14, Whitney. PHILLIPS ANDOVER ACADEMY LACROSSE TEAM.



LACROSSE CHAMPIONSHIP PLAQUE, PUBLIC SCHOOLS ATHLETIC LEAGUE, NEW YORK.

Donated Annually by Col. R. M. Thompson.



COL. R. M. THOMPSON,
President New York Athletic Club,
Donor of Lacrosse Championship Trophy to Public Schools Athletic League,
New York.

Lacrosse for the School Boys

Through the generosity of Colonel Robert M. Thompson, beautiful prizes have been provided for competition among the scholars in the high schools of Greater New York. The championship prize was designed by Messrs. Dieges & Clust, 20 John Street, New York, and is thirty inches in height. It is a combination of silver and bronze, and represents an American Indian, seated on a rock, shielding his eyes with his left hand and holding a lacrosse stick across his lap. The same is supported by a silver base, entwined with laurel leaf border and Indian decorations in the form of raised bludgeons, scalp braids, binding, etc., artistically arranged. Between each of these bludgeons is a shield, set in the form of an arrow-head, upon which the winning school and team is inscribed each year. This, in turn, is supported by a graceful curved base with appropriate decorations, also of silver, with etching of figures, showing different playing positions of the game.

Raised on front of this is a carved shield with the following inscription:

LACROSSE CHAMPIONSHIP TROPHY

PRESENTED BY

ROBERT M. THOMPSON

TO THE

PUBLIC SCHOOLS ATHLETIC LEAGUE

1910.

The entire trophy rests upon an ebony base. The design of this handsome prize is entirely new and unique, representing the idea of the Indian origin of the game.

The individual prizes for the members of the winning team are beautiful gold medals with figure of an Indian in relief, holding a lacrosse stick, the lacrosse ball being represented by a pearl.



COL. R. M. THOMPSON PUBLIC SCHOOLS ATHLETIC LEAGUE CHAMPIONSHIP TROPHY.

The winning school receives a handsome bronze placque, suitably inscribed and mounted upon a solid piece of oak.

The winner of the Thompson trophy in 1913 was the Manual Training High School of Brooklyn. This team with very little expert coaching went through a remarkably successful season, defeating all its league rivals and not being forced to lower its colors to any team except that of the strong Stevens Preparatory of Hoboken.

The Manual line-up was: I.h., North; o.h., Platon; Ia., Titus; 2a, Hall; 3a, Malbin; c., Wessman; 3d., F. Zeitz; 2d., Eagen; Id., H. Zeitz; c.p., Campbell; p., Conroy, Capt.; g., Lahey.



INDIVIDUAL LACROSSE CHAMPIONSHIP MEDAL, PUBLIC SCHOOLS ATHLETIC LEAGUE, NEW YORK.

Donated Annually by Col. R. M. Thompson.

SPECIAL NOTICE

Owing to the progress that Lacrosse is making in the United States it is the intention of the publishers of Spalding's Athletic Library to make the Guide an annual hereafter that will embrace a complete account of the game as it is played in every section of the country, and with that object in view invite the managers of clubs to send items of general interest and pictures of teams (with names of individual players) to the undersigned. Such information should reach New York not later than November 1st of each year.

AMERICAN SPORTS PUBLISHING CO.

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No. O Lacrosses. Made by one of the oldest and best Indian stick makers. These sticks are second only to the Ceel line. Frames made of specially selected hickory, strung with best quality clock cord; running strings of thoroughly stretched babish.

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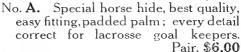
Spalding Official Lacrosse Ball

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No. 5. Well padded to protect the bones and joints in players' hands. Pair. \$4.00





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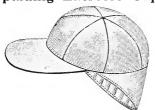


No. HG. Made of brown leather, padded back and fingers; soft buckskin palm, and reed padded gauntlet. Large and medium sizes. Pair, \$4.00 No. L. Unpadded, drab buckskin gaunt-

let glove. Extra long, very popular. Pair. \$3.00

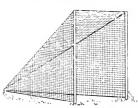


Spalding Lacrosse Cap



No. LC. Neatly quilted; comes down low at back of head. Each. \$1.00

Spalding Regulation Lacrosse Goals



Complete, \$20.00

OMPT ATTENTION GIVEN TO

.G. SPALDING & BROS. IN ALL LARGE CITIES



Spalding

Reversible Collar Button Front Sweaters

For base ball, automobiling, skiing, training purposes, reducing weight, tramping during cold weather, golfing, hunting, tobogganing, snowshoeing. High collar may be turned down quickly, changing into neatest form of button front sweater.

Stock sizes 28 to 46 inches.

We allow four inches for stretch in all our sweaters, and sizes are marked accordingly. It is suggested, however, that for very heavy men a size about two inches larger than coat measurement be ordered to insure a comfortable fit.

STOCK COLORS—All Sweaters listed on this page carried in stock in GRAY WHITE NAVY MAROON CARDINAL PURPLE OLD GOLD



No. AWJP

No. AWJP. Heaviest weight special quality worsted, with pocket on each side.

Each, \$10.00 * \$108.00 Doz.

No. WJP. Highest quality special heavy weight worsted, with pocket on each side. Carried in stock also in new shade, "Spalding Blue."

Each, \$8.00 * \$87.00 Doz.

No. WJ. Same as No. WJP, but without pockets. Carried in stock also in new shade, "Spalding Blue."
Each, \$7.50 \pm \mathcal{881} 00 Doz.

No. WDJ. Fine quality standard weight worsted. Same style as No. WJ, but lighter weight and without pockets.

Each, \$6.00 * \$64.80 Doz.

Above sweaters are all made with special high reversible style collar, as shown in cut on this page. Two pockets in either Nos. WI or WDI Sweaters if ordered at time sweater is made, not after, at an extra charge of 50c,

SPECIAL ORDERS—In addition to stock colors mentioned we supply these sweaters in any other color, on special orders without extra charge. N.B.—Three different shades are sometimes called RED. They are Scarlet, Cardinal, Maroon. Where RED is specified on order we supply Cardinal.

SPECIAL NOTICE—Above sweaters with one color body and another color (not striped) collar and cuffs furnished in any colors, on special order, at no extra charge.

The prices printed in italics opposite items marked with ★ will be quoted only on orders for one-half dozen or more.

Quantity prices NOT allowed on items NOT marked with ★

PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

PROMPT ATTENTION GIVEN TO ANY COMMUNICATIONS ADDRESSED TO US A. G. SPALDING & BROS
STORES IN ALL LARGE CITIES

THE SPALDING



WYOOL SWEATERS

Vest Collar and Ring Neck Sweaters.

No. BG. Vest collar style; for general use Best quality worsted, good weight. No buttons. See note below regarding colors and sizes.

Each, \$5.50 ★ Not ON Das

No. B-OB. Ring neck style, for foot ball and general athletic use. Best quality worsted, good weight. No buttons. See note below regarding colors and sizes.

Each, \$5.00 * 85/ (10/1) =

Two pockets in either Nos. BG or B-OB Sweaters, put in at time sweater is made, not after. . - Extra, 50c.

STOCK SIZES:

28 to 46 inches chest measure-We allow four inches for stretch in all our sweaters, and sizes are marked accordingly. is suggested, however, that for people who are at all stout a size about two inches larger than coat measurement be ordered to insure a comfortable fit. nished in dark Gray only. Each. \$2.00



No. BG Sweater

Angora Wool Jacket Sweater

Particularly for women's use. This soft texture wool, which we have had made into a worsted for the special garments listed below, enables us to knit in the same stitch we use in our regular athletic sweaters, an easier fitting and neater looking sweater than it is possible to turn out with regular worsted. We cannot, however, supply this Angorawool sweater in any but an exclusive Spalding shade of dark gray, quite different from the regular or silver gray supplied in our regular athletic sweaters. Pearl buttons. Stock sizes: 28 to 46 in. chest measurement. Good length and with one pocket on each side, No.NPJ.SpaldingAngoraWool lacket Sweater, with pockets. Each, \$7.50

Angora Wool Muffler

No. N. Made of same Angora wool as in our No. NPJ Sweater, and fur-

STOCK COLORS:

Nos. BG and B-OB Sweaters are carried in stock regularly in MAROON GRAY

OLD GOLD CARDINAL PURPLE

Furnished also in any other color on special orders at no extra charge. Either Nos. BG or B-OB Sweaters furnished with one color body and another color (not striped) collar and cuffs on special orders at no extra charge. Three shades are sometimes called RED. They are Scarlet, Cardinal, Maroon. Where RED is specified on order we supply Cardinal.

PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

Spalding Angora Wool Toques and Knitted Caps

No. N55. Toque, with tassel, for tobogganing, etc. Made of same Angora wool as in our No. NPI Sweater, and is furnished in dark Gray only. Each, \$1.50 No. NBS. Knitted Cap, shorter than toque, and without tassel, Dark Gray Angora wool only, as in NPJ Sweater. Ea., \$1.00

Spalding Toques and Skull Caps

No. SB. Worsted, heavy weight. Striped alternate, and top button, in variety of colors and attractive mixtures. Ea., \$1.00 No. SC. Worsted, light weight. Striped alternate, and top button; in various colors. . .

The prices printed in italics opposite items marked with * will be quoted only on orders for one-half dozen or more at one time. Quantity prices NOT allowed on items NOT marked with *

ROMPT ATTENTION GIVEN TO Y COMMUNICATIONS. ADDRESSED TO 05

S IN ALL LARGE CITIES



Spalding Roll Collar Sweaters

The Nos. AA, A and B Sweaters, listed on this page, are made of special quality worsted, exceedingly soft and pleasant to wear. For straight athletic wear there is no garment more useful than these regular roll collar sweaters which we have been making in our factories for over twenty-five years. Full fashioned to body and arms and put together by hand, not simply stitched up on a machine, as are the majority of garments sold as regular made goods. All made with 9-inch roll collars. Sizes: 28 to 46 inches.

We allow four inches for stretch

No. AA

no all our sweaters, and sizes are

marked accordingly. It is suggested, however, that for

very heavy men a size about two incles layer than coal

measurement be ordered to insure a comb challe fit

STOCK COLORS—We carry in stock Nos. AA, A and B Sweaters in Gray, White, Navy, Maroon, Cardinal, Purple, and Old Gold.

SPECIAL ORDERS—We also supply Nos AA, A and B Sweaters in any other color, on special orders, at no extra charge.

N. B.—Three shades are sometimes called RED. They are Scarlet, Cardinal, Maroon. Where RED is specified on order, we supply Cardinal.

SPECIAL NOTICE—Solid Color sweaters, with one color body and another color (not striped) collar and cuffs furnished in any colors, on special orders, at no extra charge.



No. AA Sweater

No. AA. The proper style for use after heavy exercise, inducing copious perspiration, for reducing weight or getting into condition for athletic contests. Heaviest sweater made. Roll collar.

Each, \$8.00 \pm \$8.0.40 Doz.

No.A. "Intercollegiate." Special weight worsted, lighter than in No. A.A. Roll

collar. Each, \$6.00 \(\stilde{\pi} \) \$60.00 Doz.

No. B. Heavy weight, but lighter worsted than in No. A. Roll collar.

Each, \$5.00 * \$54.00 Doz.

Spalding Shaker Knit Roll Collar Sweater

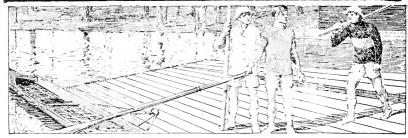
No 3. Good quality all wool sweater. Shaker knit, well made throughout. Sizes: 30 to 46 inches. Standard weight, slightly lighter than No. B. Roll collar. Carried in stock in Cray, Navy, Black, and Maroon. No special orders.

Each, \$4.00 * \$45.00 Doz.

The prices printed in italics opposite items marked with *will be quoted only on orders for one-half dozen or more at one time. Quantity prices NOT allowed on items NOT marked with *

Prices Subject to Change Without Notice.

PROMPT ATTENTION GIVEN TO ANY COMMUNICATIONS ADDRESSED TO US A. G. SPALDING & BROS STORES IN ALL LARGE CITIES



Spalding Striped and Coat Jerseys

Spalding Striped Jerseys

No. 10PX. Special quality worsted, fashioned; solid color body, with striped sleeves, usually alternating two inches of same color as body, and narrow stripes of any other Each. \$3.25 + \$35 10 Doz. color

No. 12PX. Good quality worsted; solid color body, with striped sleeves, usually alternating two inches of same color as body, and narrow stripes of any other color.

Each. \$2.75 * S30.00 Dez

No. 10PW. Special quality worsted, solid color body and sleeves, with 6 inch stripe around body of any other color.

Each, \$3.25 * \$35.10 Doz.

No. 12PW. Good quality worsted. solid color body and sleeves, with 6 inch stripe around body of any other color Each, \$2.75 ★ Salan Doz

Following sizes carried in stock regularly in all qualities: 28 to 46 inch chest. We allow two inches for stretch in all our jerseys, and sizes are marked accordingly. It is suggested, however, that for very heavy men a size about two inches larger than coat measurement be ordered to insure a comfortable fit.



No. 10PX Jersey

Spalding Coat Jerseys

No. 10C. Worsted, same grade as No 10P Plain (listed on Page 120). Carried in stock in plain solid colors: Navy Blue, Gray, Black or Maroon. Supplied on special orders at no extra charge in any other solid color (not striped) throughout, or one solid color body and sleeves with any other solid color trimming (not striped) on cuffs, collar and front edging. Pearl buttons.

Each. \$3.50 ★ \$39 (N/ Doz

STOCK COLORS of Nos. 10PX, 12PX, 10PW and 12PW Jerseys: BLACK AND ORANGE NAVY AND WHITE BLACK AND SCARLET ROYAL BLUE AND WHITE COLUMBIA BLUE AND WHITE SCARLET AND WHITE MAROON AND WHITE Second color mentioned is for body stripe or for stripes

on sleeves. SPECIAL ORDERS-We also furnish any other colors on special orders (not more than two different colors

in each jersey) without extra charge. N. B.-Three different shades are sometimes called RED. They are Scarlet, Cardinal, and Maroon. Where

RED is specified on order Cardinal will be supplied.

Spalding Cotton Jerseys

No. 6. Cotton, good quality, fashioned, roll collar, full length sleeves. Colors: Black, Navy Blue, Gray, and Maroon only. No special orders.

No. 6X. Cotton, as No. 6, but with striped sleeves in following combinations only Navy with White or Red Stripe, Each, \$1.25 * \$13.50 Doz Black with Orange or Red Stripe, Maroon with White Stripe. No special orders

The prices printed in italies opposite items marked with * will be quoted only on orders for one-half dozen or more Quantity prices NOT allowed on items NOT marked with *

PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

ROMPT ATTENTION GIVEN TO ANY COMMUNICATIONS ADDRESSED TO US

STORES IN ALL PARGE CITIES



JERSEYS

Spalding Intercollegiate Jerseys

These jerseys we consider in a lass by themselves. No other nanufacturer makes a garment of invwhere near the same grade. We recommend them to those who really want the best

No. 1P. Regular roll collar. Full regular made, that is, fashioned or knit to exact shape on the machine and then put together by hand, altogether diffferent from cutting them out of a piece of material and sewing them up on a machine, as are the majority of garments known as jerseys. Special qual- No. 1P ity worsted. Solid colors.

Each, \$4.00 \ \$43.20 Doz. No. 1PF. Straight low collar. Quality of worsted and manufacture same as No. 1P. Solid colors. Each, \$4.00 ★ \$43.20 Doz



Showing Regular Roll Collar as on Nos. 1P 10P, 12P, 14P and 12XB

Spalding Fashioned Jerseys

No. 10P. Regular roll collar. Special quality worsted, fashioned. Solid colors.

Each. \$3.00 ★ \$32.40 Doz. No. 10PF. Straight low collar. Quality of worsted and manufacture same as No. 10P. Solid

colors. Ea., \$3.00 ★\$32.40 Doz. No. 12P. Regularrollcollar. Good quality worsted. Solid colors.

Each, \$2.50 * \$27.00 Doz. No. 14P. Regular roll collar. Worsted, Solid stock colors:

Navv Blue, Black, Grav, and Maroon only. No special orders. Each. \$2.00 ★ \$21.60 Doz.

No. 12XB. Boys' Jersey. Regular roll collar, Worsted. Furnished

in sizes 26 to 34 inch chest measurement only. Solid stock colors: Navy Blue, Black, Gray, and Maroon only. No special orders. Ea., \$2.00 ★\$21.60 Doz. triped sleeves on either Nos. IPF or IOPF, similar to No. IOPN listed on next page, any colors, not more than two colors

in any garment Following sizes carried in stock regularly in all qualities: 28 to 46 inch chest.

We allow two inches for stretch in all our Jerseys, and sizes are marked accordingly. It is suggested, however, that or very heavy people a size about two inches larger than coat measurement be ordered to insure a comfortable fit.

STOCK COLORS—PLAIN COLORS—We carry in stock our line of solid color worsted jerseys listed on this age, except Nos. 14P and 12XB, in following colors: NAVY BLUE GRAY BLACK SPECIAL ORDERS—We also furnish any other colors on special orders without extra charge.

PECIAL NOTICE—We will furnish any of the above jerseys, except Nos. 14P and 12XB, with one color body and mother color (not striped) collar and cuffs in any colors (not more than two colors in any garment) at no extra charge. N. B.—Three different shades are sometimes called RED. They are Scarlet, Cardinal and Maroon. Where RED is specified on order Cardinal will be supplied.

ERSEYS WITH NECKLACE-Nos. 1P, IPF, 10P, 10PF or 12P erseys (listed on this page), with necklace stripe of any other color WOVEN LETTERS OR NUMERALS—We weave into our best grade Jerseys, Nos. 1P and 1PF, Letters or Numerals in special colors as desired. Prices quoted on application. Designs submitted. upplied on special orders, at an extra charge of \$1.00 per garment. the prices printed in italics opposite items marked with \star will be quited only on orders for one-half dozen or more.

Quantity prices NOT allowed on items NOT marked with * PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

ANY COMMUNICATIONS ADDRESSED TO US

ACCEPT NO THE SPALDING (TRADE-MARK QUARANTEES QUALITY

Spalding Running Pants

Specify size and color when ordering

No. 1. White or Black Sateen, fly front, laced. Pair, \$1.25 ★ \$/3.50 Doz.

No. 2. White or Black Sateen, fly front, laced. "1.00 ★ 10.80 ""

No. 3. White or Black Silesia, fly front, laced. "7.5 ★ 8.10 "

No. 4. White, Black or Gray Silesia, fly front, laced. " 50 ★ 5.40 in No. 44. Same quality as No. 4, but in juvenile sizes only, not over 26 inch waist. " Per pair, 45c. Silk Ribbon Stripes down sides of any Silk Ribbon Stripe around waist on

of these running pants.

Pair, extra, 25c. * \$2,70 Doz. Pair, extra, 25c. * \$2.70 Doz.



Spalding Leotards
For Gymnasium Use,
Wrestling, etc.

7 - No. 1

Spalding Worsted Trunks



No. 1 Trunks

No. 1. Best worsted. Carried in stock in Black, Maroon or Navy. Supplied on special order at no extra charge in any other plain color. Per pair, \$2.00 No. 2. Good quality worsted, carried in

stock in Navy or Black. Supplied on special order at no extra charge in any other plain color. . . . Per pair, \$1.00

Spalding Velvet Trunks



No.3. Fine Velvet, Black, Navy,

Royal Blue, Maroon. Special colors to order at no extra charge. Per pair, \$1.00 \$\pm\$ \$10.80 Doz.

No. 4. Sateen, Black, White. Per pair, 50c. * \$5.40 Doz.



No. 12L

No 12L. Combining athletic shirt and trunks Good quality worsted. Not carried in stock. Supplied on special

Each, \$2.50

orders only in any color.

Spalding Wrestling Full Tights Not carried in stock. Supplied on Special Orders only.

No. WA. Best worsted, knit to shape and put together by hand. Reinforced at knees, with strong silk finish worsted. Colors supplied regularly: Black, Navy Blue, Maroon. Other colors to order at no extra charge. Sizes supplied regularly, 28 to 42 inches waist. Per pair, \$6.00

Spalding Special Pads for Wrestling To be Sewn on Wrestling Tights.

No. B. Soft tanned horse hide cover, hair felt padding. . . Per pair, 75c. No. 62. Covered with tan leather, padded. Pr., 50c. No. 61. Cloth covered, padded with wool felt.

Per pair, 25c.



No. B

Nos. 61 and 62

Spalding Special

Combined Wrestling Supporter and Belt

No. WS. Mercerized silk elastic, *strong and durable. A really safe supporter for wrestling. . . . Each, \$2,00



Spalding Full Length Tights

No. 1A. Best worsted, full fashioned. Stock colors: Black, Navy Blue, Maroon. Other colors on special order at no extra charge. Sizes: 28 to 42 inch waist. Per pair, \$5.00

No. 3A. Cotton, full quality. White, Black and Flesh.
Per pair, \$1.00 ★ \$10.80 Doz.

The prices printed in italics opposite items marked with *will be quoted only on orders for one-half dozen or more. Quantity prices NOT allowed on items NOT marked with *



PROMPT ATTENTION GIVEN TO ANY COMMUNICATIONS ADDRESSED TO US A. G. SPALDING & BROS. STORES IN ALL LARGE CITIES

RADE-MARK HE SPALDING

DING ETIC STOCKI

Our "Highest Quality" Stockings, Nos. 3-0,3-0S and 3-0C are best quality worsted. They are heavy ribbed, full fashioned, hug the leg closely but comfortably, and are very durable. Supplied regularly with white mercerized cotton feet, tripled toes and heels, but furnished on special order without feet at no extra charge.

No. 3-0. Best worsted, white mercerized feet. Carried in stock in Black, Navy Blue, and Maroon. Supplied on special orders in any color. . Per pair, \$1.50 * \$16.20 Doz.

No. 3-0S. Alternate stripe, best quality worsted, white mercerized feet. Made on special orders only, in any colors (not more than two colors). Per pair, \$1.75 * \$18.90 Doz. No. 3-0C. Calf with one stripe 4 inches wide, best quality worsted, white mercerized feet. Made on special orders

in any colors (not more than two colors) Per pair, \$1.75 * \$18.90 Doz.

SPECIAL ORDERS—PLAIN COLORS—All Spalding Stockings (except No. 4R) are supplied in any color on special orders without extra charge.

STRIPES—Striped Stockings are supplied (except in No. 4RC) in any colors (not more than two colors) on special orders, without extra charge. N.B.-Three different shades are sometimes called RED. They are Scarlet, Cardinal, and Maroon. Where RED is specified on order, Cardinal will be supplied.

SPALDING RIBBED CALF-STRIPE STOCKINGS STRIPE 4 INCHES WIDE AROUND CALF

Stock Colors—These stockings are carried in stock in following color combinations. Second color indicates calf stripe. BLACK AND SCARLET MAROON AND WHITE BLACK AND ORANGE

SCARLET AND WHITE

ROYAL BLUE AND WHITE NAVY AND WHITE COLUMBIA BLUE AND WHITE (except in No. 4RC).

SPECIAL ORDERS-See special note above regarding special orders (except for No. 4RC). Supplied on special orders without feet at no extra charge (except No. 4RC).

No. 1RC. Heavy weight, good quality worsted, white mercerized cotton feet, tripled toes and heels. Per pair, \$1.10 * \$12.11 Doz Medium weight, all wool, white mercerized cotton feet, reinforced No. 2RC. toes and heels. Per pair, \$1.00 * \$10.80 Doz. No. 3RC. Good quality wool, white cotton feet, with reinforced toes and

heels Per pair, 75c. * \$8.40 Doz. No. 4RC. Striped Cotton, white feet. Furnished in stock colors only No special Per pair, 40c. ★ \$4.32 Doz.

Ribbed Alternate Striped Stockings

STRIPED 2-INCH ALTERNATE-Stockings striped alternately not carried in stock at our stores, but will be made on special orders in any colors (not more than two colors) at prices specified below. Supplied without feet at no extra charge.

Per pair, \$1.10 * \$12.00 Doz. 1.00 🛊 10.80 .75 🛈

No. 1RC

8.40 "

No. 1RS. Heavy weight, good quality worsted. Feet same as No. 1RC. No. 2RS. Medium weight, all wool. Feet same as No. 2RC. No. 3RS. Good quality wool. Feet same as No. 3RC.

Spalding Ribbed Stockings-Plain Colors

WITH WHITE COTTON FEET-REINFORCED AT TOES AND HEELS

Carried in stock in following colors: BLACK, NAVY BLUE, MAROON. See special note above regarding special orders (except for No. 4R). No. 1R.

Heavy weight, good quality worsted. Feet same as No. IRC. . Per pair, \$1.00 \[Display \$10.80 Doz. No. 2R. Medium weight, all wool. Feet same as No. 2RC. .80 * 8.64 6.48 " No. 3R. Good quality wool. Feet same as No. 3RC. .

No. 4R. Cotton, Stock Colors. No special orders. . .25 🛊

Special White Stockings

No. BB. Natural white stockings, light weight, worn under regular colored stockings. Pr., 15c. 2 prs., 25c.

Spalding Heavy Cotton Socks for Athletes No. SS. Good quality, ribbed and very full in leg to allow for turn over. Supplied in either light, medium or dark gray. Particularly suitable for lawn tennis, also for tramping. . . . Pair, 50c.

The prices printed in italics opposite items marked with * will be quoted only on orders for onehalf dozen or more at one time. Quantity prices NOT allowed on items NOT marked with *

PROMPT ATTENTION SIVEN TO 'NY COMMUNICATION' ADDRESSED TO US

FOR COMPLETE HIST OF STORES SEE INSIDE FRONT COVER OF THIS BOOK

Prices in effect January 5, 1914. Subject to change without notice. For Canadian prices see special Canadian Catalogue

SPALDING OLYMPIC CHAMPIONSHIP SHOES

All of these shoes are hand made. Finest kangaroo leather uppers and best white oak leather soles. They are the same style shoes that we supplied to the American athletes who were so successful at the last Olympic Games, and they are worn in competition by all prominent athletes in this country.



Spalding "Monitor" Sprint Running Shoes

Patent applied for.

No. 3-0. Lightest running shoe made. Hand made spikes. Especially for 100 and 220 yards races. Strictly bench made throughout. . . Pair, \$6.00



Spalding "Olympic Championship" Short Distance Running Shoes

No.2-0. Extremely light and glove fitting. Hand made steel spikes firmly riveted on. Worn by all champions for short distances, especially 440 and 880 yards and 1 mile races. Pr., \$6.00



The uppers and soles of all Running and Jumping Shoes should be kept soft and pliable by using SPALDING "DRI-FOOT" PREPARATION. It prevents deterioration of the leather due to perspiration. Can, 15 cents.

PROMPT ATTENTION GIVEN TO ANY COMMUNICATIONS ADDRESSED TO US A. G. SPALDING & BROS. STORES IN ALL LARGE CITIES

SPALDING OLYMPIC CHAMPIONSHIP SHOES

All of these shoes are hand made. Finest kangaroo leather uppers and best white oak leather soles. They are the same style shoes that we supplied to the American athletes who were so successful at the last Olympic Games, and they are worn in competition by all prominent athletes in this country.



Spalding "Olympic Championship" Long Distance Running Shoes

No. 14C. For long distance races on athlethic tracks. Low, broad heels, flexible shanks. Hand made steel spikes in soles. No spikes in heels. Pair, \$5.00

Spalding "Olympic Championship" Jumping Shoes

No. 14H. Specially stiffened soles. Hand made steel spikes placed as suggested by champion jumpers. Also correct shoes for shot putting, weight and hammer throwing. . . Pair, \$6.00



The upper, and soles of all Running and Jumping Shoes should be kept soft and pliable by using SPALDING "DRI-FOOT" PREPARATION. It prevents deterioration of the leather due to perspiration. Can, 15 cents.

PROMPT ATTENTION GIVEN TO ANY COMMUNICATIONS ADDRESSED TO US

A. G. SPALDING & BROS, STORES IN ALL LARGE CITIES

ACCEPT NO. THE SPALDING (TRADE MARK GUARANTEES OUBSTITUTE. THE SPALDING (DUALITY



Spalding Outdoor Running Shoes

No. 10. Fine quality calfskin; light weight. Bench made. Hand made steel spikes.

Pair, **\$5.00**

Spalding Outdoor Jumping Shoes

No. 14J. Good quality calfskin; machine made. Satisfactory quality; durable. Steel spikes. Pair, \$4.50



No. 14J



For Indoor Shoes, especially when the feet perspire, the uppers should be kept soft and pliable with Spalding "Dri-Foot." It will extend the life of shoes. Can, 15c.

PROMPT ATTENTION GIVEN TO ANY COMMUNICATIONS

A. G. SPALDING & BROS. STORES IN ALL LARGE CITIES

Spalding Magazagas Long Distance Running Shoes

No. MH. High cut, but light in weight. Wellfinishedinside so as not to hurt the feet in a long race. Special leather soles, will not wear smooth; light leather heels; special quality black calfskin uppers. Hand sewed. Pair, \$5.00







No. MO. Low cut.
Blucher style.
Otherwisethesame
as No. MH.
Per pair, \$5.00

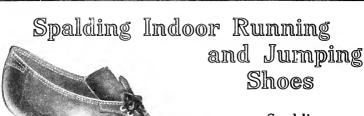
Keep the uppers of all

Keep the uppers of all running shoes soft and pliable by using Spalding Waterproof Oil. It will greatly add to the wear of shoes.

Per can, 25c.

PROMPT ATTENTION GIVEN TO ANY COMMUNICATIONS ADDRESSED TO US A. G. SPALDING & BROS STORES IN ALL LARGE CITIES

FOR COMPLETE LIST OF STORES
SEE INSIDE FRONT COVEP
OF THIS BOOK



Spalding Indoor Running Shoes

No. 111. Calfskin, special corrugated rubber soles, with spikes. Pair, \$4.00

> DON'T PUT OIL ON RUBBER SOLES

Spalding Indoor Jumping Shoes

No. 111

No. **210.** Hand made. Calfskin uppers; rubber tap soles and rubber heels.

Pair, **\$5.00**

Keep the uppers of all running shoes soft and pliable by using Spalding "Dri-Foot." It will greatly add to the wear of shoes. Can. 15c.



PROMPT ATTENTION GIVEN TO ANY COMMUNICATIONS ADDRESSED TO US A. G. SPALDING & BROS.

FOR COMPLETE LIST OF STORE SEE INSIDE FRONT COVER OF THIS BOOK

The Spalding Intercollegiate Foot Ball



No. J5 Complete, \$5.00

This is the ONLY OFFICIAL COLLEGE FOOT BALL. and is used in every important match played in this country.

GUARANTEED ABSOLUTELY IF SEAL OF BOX IS

Each ball complete in sealed box, including leather case, guaranteed pure Para rubber bladder (not compounded). GUARANTEE every J5 Spalding Foot Ball to be perfect in material and workmanship and correct in shape and size when inspected at our factory. If any defect is discovered during the first game in which it is used, or during the first day's practice use, and if returned at once, we will replace same

under this guarantee. We do not guarantee against ordinary wear nor against defect in shape or size that is not discovered immediately after the first day's use. Owing to the superb quality of every Spalding Foot Ball, our customers have grown to expect a season's use of one ball, and at times make unreasonable claims under our guarantee

which we will not allow.

ANY COMMUNICATIONS

SEE INSIDE FRONT COVER OF THIS BOOK

The Spalding Official Basket Ball



THE ONLY OFFICIAL BASKET BALL

WE GUARANTEE this ball to be perfect in material and workmanship and correct in shape and size when inspected at our factory. If any defect is diseovered during the first game in which it is used, or during the first day's practice use, and, if returned at once, we will replace same under this We do not guarguarantee. antee against ordinary wear nor against defect in shape or size that is not discovered immediately after the first day's 11.Se.

Owing to the superb quality of our No. M Basket Ball, our customers have grown to expect a season's use of one ball, and at times make unreasonable claims under our guarantee, which we will not allow.

A. G. SPALDING & BROS.

FFICIALLY ADOPTED AND STANDARD. The cover is made in four sections, with capless ends, and of the finest and most carefully selected pebble grain English leather. We take the entire output of this superior grade of leather from the English tanners, and in the Official Basket Ball use the choicest parts of each hide. Extra heavy bladder made especially for this ball of extra quality pure Para rubber (not compounded). Each ball packed complete, in sealed box, with rawhide lace and lacing needle, and guaranteed perfect in every detail. To provide that all official contests may be held under absolutely fair and uniform conditions, it is stipulated that this ball must be used in all match games of either men's or women's teams.

No. M. Spalding "Official" Basket Ball. Each, \$6.00

Extract from Men's Official Rule Book

RULE II—BALL.
SEC. 3. The ball made by A.G. Spalding & Bros. shall be the official ball.
Official balls will be stamped as herewith, and will be in sealed

SEC. (. The official ball must be used in all match games

Extract from

Official Collegiate Rule Book
The Spalding Official Basket
Ball No. M is the official
ball of the
Intercollegiate Basket
Ball Association, and must be used in all

Extract from Women's Official Rule Book Rule II—Ball.

SEC. 3. The ball made by A.G. Spalding & Bros shall be the official ball. Official balls will be stamped as herewith, and will be in sealed hoxes.

SEC. 4. The official ball must be

ROMPT ATTENTION GIVEN TO ANY COMMUNICATIONS ADDRESSED TO US A. G. SPALDING & BROS

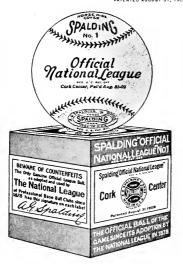
STORES IN ALL LARGE CITIES

motch games

FOR COMPLETE LIST OF STORES
SEE INSIDE FRONT COVER
OF THIS BOOK

The Spalding "Official National League" Ball

PATENT CORK CENTER



Adopted by The National League in 1878 and is the only ball used in Championship games since that time and, as made now with Patent Cork Center, has been adopted for twenty years more, making a total adoption of fifty-four years.



This ball has the SPALDING "PATENT" CORK CENTER, the same as used since August 1,1910, without change in size of cork or construction. Same ball exactly as used in World Series Games of 1910, 1911, 1912 and 1913.

No. 1 { Each, - \$1.25 Per Dozen, \$15.00

Each ball wrapped in tinfoil, packed in a separate box, and sealed in accordance with the latest League regulations. Warranted to last a full game when used under ordinary conditions.

THE SPALDING "OFFICIAL NATIONAL LEAGUE" BALL
HAS BEEN THE OFFICIAL BALL OF THE
GAME SINCE 1878

Spalding Complete Catalogue of Athletic Goods Mailed Free.

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A.G.SPALDING & BROS.

COMMETTE LIST OF STORES

ON HIS DEFINITION FOR A COMMETTE LIST OF STORES

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RADE-MARK GUARA HE SPALDING

urand-Steel Lockers

Wooden lockers are objectionable. because they attract vermin, absorb odors, can be easily broken into, and are dangerous on account of fire.

Lockers made from wire mesh dr expanded metal afford little secur-Ity, as they can be easily entered with wire cut-Clothes placed in them become covered with dust, and the lockers themselves present a poor appearance, resembling animal cages

Durand-Steel Lockers are made of finest grade furniture steel and are finished with gloss black, furnace-baked japan (400°), comparable that used on hospital ware, which will never flake

off nor require refinishing, as do paints and enamels.

Some of the 6,000 Durand-Steel Lockers Installed in the Public Cymnasiums of Chicago. 12'x 15'x 42', Double Tier.

Durand - Steel Lockers are usually but with d fors perforated full length in panel design with sidea and backs solid. This prevents clothes in one locker

from coming in contact with wet garments in adjoining lockers, while plenty of venti lation is secured by having the door perfe rated its entire length, but, if the purchase, prefers, we perforate the backs also. .

The cost of Durand-Steel Lockers is no more than that of first-class wooden lockers, and they last as long as the building, are sanitary, secure, and in addition, are fire-proof.

THE FOLLOWING STANDARD SIZES ARE

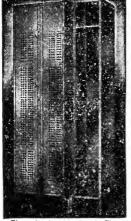


We are handling lockers as a special costract business, and shipment will in every case be made direct from the factory in Chicago. If you will let us know the number of lockers, size and arrangement, we shall be glad to take up, through corres

---- lance the matter of prices







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FOR COMPLETE LIST OF STORE SEE INSIDE FRONT COVER OF THIS BOOK

SPALDING NEW ATHLETIC GOODS CATALOGUE

The following selection of items from Spalding's latest Catalogue will give an idea of the great variety of ATHLETIC GOODS manufactured by A. G. SPALDING & BROS. SEND FOR A FREE COPY.

SEE LIST OF SPALDING STORE ADDRESSES ON INSIDE FRONT COVER OF THIS BOOK

Ash Bars Athletic Library Attachm'ts, Chest Weight

addy Badges

Corks, Running Covers, Racket

Cricket Goods

Bathing Suit

Cross Bars.

Bags-

Caddy

Cricket

Striking Tennis

Uniform

Balls-

Base

Golf

Hand

Indoor Medicine

Squash

Basket

Cricket Field Hockes

Playground

Volley Water Polo Ball Cleaner, Golf Bandages, Elastic Bar Bells

Bars, Horizontal Bases—

Base Ball Indoor Bathing Suits

Base Ball

Batting Cage, Base Ball

Leather and Worsted

Cricket

Indoor

Bladders-

Basket Ball

Striking Bag Blades, Fencing

aday badges
aps—
Base Ball
University
Water Polo
Center Forks, Iron
Center Straps, Canvas
Chest Weights
Circle, Seven-Foot
Clock Colf

Emblems F.mbroidery Equestrian Polo

Marking, Golf

Discus, Olympic Discs, Striking Bag Dumb Bells

Diece-

Felt Letters Fencing Sticks Field Hockey Finger Protection College Marking Golf Foils, Fencing

Glasses, Base Ball Sun

Gloves-Base Ball Boxing Cricket Fencing Golf Hand Ball Glove Softener Goals-Basket Ball Golf Clubs Golf Counters Colfette Grips Athletic Gut Preservative, Tennis; Guy Ropes and Pegs Gym'm Suits. Women's

Hammers, Athletic Hammers, Athletic.
Handle Cover, Rubber
Hangers for Indian Clubs
Hats, University
Health Pull
Hob Nails
Hole Cutter, Golf
Hole Rim, Golf
Hurdles, Safety
Hurley Goods

Indian Clubs Inflaters-Striking Bag

Jackets, Fencing layelins. Jersevs

Knee Protectors Lacrosse Lanes for Sprints

Lawn Bowls eg Guards-Base Ball Cricket Field Hockey 1 cotarde Letters-

Embroidered Felt Liniment

Mallets-Cricket Croquet Equestrian Polo Roque

Markers, Tennis Masks— Base Ball Fencing Mattresses Megaphones Mitts Base Ball Hand Ball Striking Bag Monograms Mufflers, Knitted

Nets-Cricket Golf Driving Tennis Volley Ball Numbers, Competitors

Pads-Chamois, Fencing Sliding, Base Ball Wrestling Paint, Golf Pants-

Base Ball Bathing, Knee Boys' Knee Running Pennants, College Pistol, Starters Plastrons, Fencing Plates-Base Ball Shoe

Home Marking, Tennis Pitchers Box Pitchers Toe Teeing, Golf Platforms, Striking Bag Poles, Vaulting Poles, Polo, Equestrian Polo, Roller, Goods

Posts-Backstop, Tennis Lawn Tennis Protectors-Abdomen Base Ball Body Indoor Base Ball Thumb Pulleys and Axle, Tennis Push Ball Pushers, Chamois Puttees, Golf

Quoits

Racket Covera Racket Presses Rackets, Lawn Tennia Rackets Restrung Racks Golf Ball Rapiers Reels for Tennis Posts Referees Whistle Referees Rings -Exercising Swinging

Roque Rowing Machines

Sacks, for Sack Racing andow Dumb Bells Score Books-Base Ball Basket Ball Cricket Golf

Tennis core Tablets, Base Ball

Athletic Base Ball Shoes-Base Ball Basket Ball Bowling Shoes-Clog Cricket Cross Country

Fencing Golf Gymnasium Jumping Outing Running

Squash ennis Walking Shot-Athletic Indoor

Skate Rollera Skatea, Roller Slippers, Bathing Squash Goods Standards— Vaulting Volley Ball Straps-Base Ball

For Three-Legged Rag Spikes, Cricket Steel Cable, Tennis Net Sticks, Polo Stockings Stop Boards

Striking Bags Stumps and Bails Suits-Gymna'm, Women's Swimming Supporters.

Ankle Wrist Suspensories Sweat Band Sweaters Swivels, Striking Bas Swords— Duelling Fencing

Take-Off Board
Tape—
Adhesive
Cricket, Measuring
Marking, Tennie
Measuring Steel Tees, Golf Tether Tennis Tights— Athletic Full

Full, Wrestling Knee Toe Boards Trapeze Trousers, Y.M.C.A.

runks-Bathing Velvet Worsted

Umpire Indicator Uniforms, Base Ball

Wands, Calisthenia Watches, Stop Water Wings Weights, 56-lb, Whistles, Referens Wrestling Equipment Wrist Machines

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FOR COMPLETE LIST OF STORES SEE INSIDE FRONT COVER OF THIS BOOK

Standard Policy

A Standard Quality must be inseparably linked to a Standard Policy.

Without a definite and Standard Mercantile Policy, it is impossible for a

Manufacturer to long maintain a Standard Quality.

To market his goods through the jobber, a manufacturer must provide a profit for the jobber as well as for the retail dealer. To meet these conditions of Dual Profits, the manufacturer is obliged to set a proportionately high list price on his goods to the consumer.

To enable the glib salesman, when booking his orders, to figure out attractive profits to both the jobber and retailer, these high list prices are absolutely essential; but their real purpose will have been served when the manufacturer has secured his order from the jobber, and the jobber has secured

his order from the retailer.

However, these deceptive high list prices are not fair to the consumer, who does not, and, in reality, is not ever expected to pay these fancy list prices.

When the season opens for the sale of such goods, with their misleading

but alluring high list prices, the retailer begins to realize his responsibilities, and grapples with the situation as best he can, by offering "special discounts," which vary with local trade conditions.

Under this system of merchandising, the profits to both the manufacturer and the jobber are assured; but as there is no stability maintained in the prices to the consumer, the keen competition amongst the local dealers invariably leads to a demoralized cutting of prices by which the profits of the retailer are practically eliminated.

This demoralization always reacts on the manufacturer. The jobber insists on lower, and still lower, prices. The manufacturer, in his turn, meets this demand for the lowering of prices by the only way open to him, viz.: the cheap-

ening and degrading of the quality of his product.

The foregoing conditions became so intolerable that 15 years ago, in 1899, A. G. Spalding & Bros. determined to rectify this demoralization in the Athletic Goods Trade, and inaugurated what has since become known as "The Spalding Policy.

The "Spalding Policy" eliminates the jobber entirely, so far as Spalding Goods are concerned, and the retail dealer secures the supply of Spalding Athletic Goods direct from the manufacturer by which the retail dealer is assured a fair, legitimate and certain profit on all Spalding Athletic Goods, and the consumer is assured a Standard Quality and is protected from imposition.

The "Spalding Policy" is decidedly for the interest and protection of the

users of Athletic Goods, and acts in two ways:

First. - The user is assured of genuine Official Standard Athletic Goods.

Second.-As manufacturers, we can proceed with confidence in purchasing at the proper time, the very best raw materials required in the manufacture of our various goods, well ahead of their respective seasons, and this enables us to provide the necessary quantity and absolutely maintain the Spalding Standard of Quality.

All retail dealers handling Spalding Athletic Goods are requested to supply consumers at our regular printed catalogue prices—neither more nor less—the same prices that similar goods are sold for in our New York, Chicago and other stores. All Spalding dealers, as well as users of Spalding Athletic Goods, are treated

exactly alike, and no special rebates or discriminations are allowed to anyone. This briefly, is the "Spalding Policy," which has already been in successful operation for the past 15 years, and will be indefinitely continued. In other words, "The Spalding Policy" is a "square deal" for everybody.

A. G. SPALDING & BROS.

By al Spalding







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